Rs. 170 buys you a Royal West End Cycle complete.
Strongly recommended by
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913

THE BRAND OF HIGH GRADE QUALITY.
It is made to give satisfaction;
It is bound to give satisfaction.
It does give satisfaction
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

VOL. VI NO. 101 BOMBAY: MONDAY, APRIL 29, 1918. TWO ANNAS.

SHIPPING

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co. will be despatched to London at frequent intervals calling at Aden and Port Said.

The BRITISH INDIA Co. will despatch mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf, and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

For Sailings and Freight apply to

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.
Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
HEAD OFFICE.—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet 133 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 361.421.

Steamers will be despatched at regular intervals to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.

For freight and other particulars regarding sailing, etc., please apply to the undersigned.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

WE MANUFACTURE
FINE WHITE
THYMOL B. P.
Quotation on Request.
G. S. RANADE & CO.,
BOMBAY No. 4.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.
Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,250,000
Head Office:
20, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
Branches:
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Karachi, Lahore, Amritsar, Delhi, Cawnpore, Tuticorin, Cochin, Chittagong, Rangoon, Mandalay, Colombo, Kandy, Newera-Elliya, Aden (Camp), Aden (Steamer Point), Zanzibar, Mombassa, Nairobi, Nakuru, Kisuma, Jinja, Kampala, Entebbe, Tanga, East Africa, Dar-es-Salam, East Africa
Agents in New York and South America:—The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia or purchased or collected.
DRAFTS
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities
RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
Established 1880.
Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 23,100,000
HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at
Changchun, Darien (Dalne), Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kobe, Los Angeles (Cal U.S.A.), Kaiyuan, Kaiyuan (Manchuria.), Calcutta, London, Lyons, Fongtien (Mukden), Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Pekin, Singapore, Rangoon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Sydney (Australia), Seattle (U.S.A.), Shimonoseki, Sourabaya, Tientsin, Tokyo, Tsingtau, Tsinanfu
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
N. IGARASHI,
Manager.
Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 18,750,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 2,100,000
HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA, JAPAN.
BRANCHES AND AGENTS:
Bombay, Hakata, Hankau, Hiroshima, Honolulu, Kobe, Kyoto, Moji, Nagoya, New York, Osaka, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Tokyo, Yokohama
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.
J. SATO, Manager.
Church Gate Street, Bombay.
P. O. Box No. 389.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
SAVINGS DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS.
The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—
Interest is allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.
Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

BANKING

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA
INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1859.
Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £1,900,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £1,200,000
HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.
INDIA, BURMA, STRAITS & CHINA CEYLON, MALAY STATES, JAPAN.
Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Karachi, Delhi, Amritsar, Rangoon, Tavoy, Colombo, Singapore, Penang, Kwala Lumpor, Ipoh, Klang, Seremban, Taiping, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Foochow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Yokohama, Kobe
JAVA & SUMATRA, INDO-CHINA, PHILIPPINES SIAM.
Batavia, Sourabaya, Medan, Saigon, Haiphong, Cebu, Iloile, Bangkok, Puket
NEW YORK and all Banks in Australia.
BANKERS.—Bank of England, London City and Midland Bank, London, County and Westminster Bank, National Provincial Bank of England, National Bank of Scotland.
The CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal commercial cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly. Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
J. KEENAN,
Agent.
Esplanade Road,
Post Box No. 34, Bombay.
Office Hours.—10-30 a.m. to 4-0 p.m.
Saturday.—10-30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED
(Incorporated in England.)
Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital £582,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £582,500
Reserve Fund £650,000
HEAD OFFICE:
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.
Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Delhi, Galle, Hongkong, Howrah (Calcutta), Kandy, Karachi, Kota Bahru (Kelantan), Kwala Lumpor, Madras, Mauritius, Penang, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS.—The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents, and collection of interest thereon as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.
J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)
Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors. $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $19,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund £1,500,000
COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON.
BRANCHES.
Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Colombo, Foochow, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Ipoh, Johore, Kobe, Kawla Lumpor, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manila, Nagasaki, New York, Peking, Penang, Rangoon, Saigon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Do. Hongkew, Singapore, Sourabaya, Taipeh Tientsin, Tsingtan, Yloilo, Yokohama
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed, at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS
Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan. Credits granted. Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
38, Churchgate Street.

BANKING

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIGINAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 12,00,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months, in sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.
H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD
Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.
Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 20,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 20,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 5,680,000
HEAD OFFICE:
TAIPEH, FORMOSA.
BRANCHES:
LONDON, NEW YORK, AMOY, CANTON, FOOCHOW, HANKOW, KIUKIANG, SWATOW, TAINAN, TAKOW, SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, SOERABAIA, SEMARANG, BATAVIA, MAKUNG, PINAN, SHINCHIKU, TAICHU, TOKIO, OSAKA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, AKO, GIRAN, KAGI, KARENKO, KEELUNG, TAMSUI
The Bank has also a large number of Correspondents at Home and Abroad.
Current Deposit Accounts are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
Fixed Deposits are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
K. TAKEMURA,
Manager.
56, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,39,102	14	6
Reserve Funds	11,60,777	8	5

HEAD OFFICE.—LAHORE.
Branches:
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Ambalia City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jummu, Srinagar and Jhelum City.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3 3/4 per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are brought, collected and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—
K. C. MULICK,
Manager.

INSURANCE

INSURE YOUR LIFE
IN
THE NATIONAL
INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. LIMITED.
Because—
(1) It is one of the foremost Indian Life Offices of unquestionable security.
(2) It offers world-wide policies at moderate rates.
(3) It is one of the very few offices issuing policies with Automatic Protection.
(4) Its policies have no irksome restrictions.
For further information, Prospectus, etc., please apply to—
THE GENERAL AGENTS,
Bombay and Deccan,
42, Medows Street,
BOMBAY.

The
Silk you have been
admiring
AT—
AHMED E. ESAALI,
EMPIRE BUILDING HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

(1)
YOUR TASTE
(2)
YOUR STYLE
(3)
YOUR FASHION
These have been our Special and Careful Study for years.
The Silk you have been admiring is available
—ONLY—
AHMED E. ESAALI,
EMPIRE BUILDING HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

INSURANCE

THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL
ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
(HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY).
Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.
Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.
For Prospectus and further particulars Apply to—
SECRETARIES & MANAGERS,
JIVANLAL, DASTUR & Co.,
112, Esplanade Road, Fort.

SALE BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.
A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR MILL OWNERS.
AUCTION SALE OF SODIUM SULPHIDE.
THIS DAY MONDAY, the 29th instant at 3-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at No. 12, Alexandra Docks on account of the Insurance Offices concerned:—
Ex. S. S. "Walton Hall."
About 98 barrels and 10 drums Sodium Sulphide, slightly damaged.
A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale, and the goods will be cleared away the next day.
AUCTION SALE OF 5 BALES OF SASSON'S SHIRTINGS.
TO-MORROW TUESDAY, the 30th instant at 3-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the concerned and on account and risk of Frank Jacob Iny 19, Old Apollo Hotel, Chotani Mansion:—
5 bales each 100 pieces Sassoon's Shirtings, No. 555.
A deposit of 25 per cent, will be required at the time of sale.
AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS, Chinch Bunder Road, Nowroji Hill Estate.
Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st proximo, sell by Public Auction, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on Plot No. 14, the following very valuable building Plots for a term of 999 years.
LOT NO. 1.—Very valuable building site known as Plot No. 14, Nowroji Hill Estate containing 614 square yards and having a frontage of 65 feet on Chinch Bunder Road.
LOT NO. 2.—Very valuable building Plot known as Plot No. 15, Nowrojee Hill Estate, containing 567 square yards and having a frontage of 60 feet on Chinch Bunder Road.
For further particulars and conditions of sale and plan of the sites application may be made to the Board's Land Manager, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.
AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED AND INTESTATE PROPERTIES.
Under instructions from the Commissioner of Police, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on SATURDAY, the 4th proximo, at 2 p.m., (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the Police Commissioner's Office, opposite Crawford Market, a quantity of unclaimed and unserviceable properties, etc.
A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.
BONA-FIDE SALE.
On SUNDAY, the 5th May 1918, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., are instructed to sell by public auction at Napean Sea Road, Malabar Hill, opposite Wildcrness Road, teak and blackwood carved and plain household furniture, glass and crockery, cutlery, dining table and chairs, platedware, side boards, dumbwaiters, drawing room suite, chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, cabinets, old blackwood carved sofas, very old blackwood carved almyrah, pictures and oleographs, iron and brass bedsteads, wash hand tables, teapoys, almyrahs, writing table and chairs, revolving chair and book stand, flower vases, carpets and durries, chest of drawers, one English bath, ice box, meatsafe, kitchen utensils etc., etc. Also a large collection of beautiful flower trees and plants in tubs and pots such as roses, annuals and bi-annuals in baskets, bigonias, maiden hair ferns, acacias, crottons, palms, alamanadas, geraniums, pansy, flocks, etc., etc. and garden implements. Property of Col. Ashton Street, I.M.S., changing his residence to a furnished bungalow.
The property of another gentleman.
One 25.30 H.P. 4 cylinder Torpedo body Cadilloc car., selfseater electric light, hood, wind screen spare rim, tyres and tubes, tools, etc., complete, in excellent condition and good running order.
Catalogues will be published and furniture on view 4 days before the sale.
AUCTION SALE OF TWO VALUABLE FURNISHED BUNGALOWS KNOWN AS IN ONE COMPOUND KNOWN AS HIRA COTTAGE SITUATED ON BHATIA HILL AT LONAVLA ON THE KHANDALA LONAVLA ROAD.
Under instructions from the owner Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on TUESDAY, the 14th day of May, 1918, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), sell by public auction at their auction Rooms at No. 22, Apollo Street, Fort, the following valuable property.
All that piece or parcel of land with two bungalows and out houses erected thereon situate at Lonavala Mongay Toongarbee Turf Mawal in the district of Poona being part of Survey No. 88 containing by admeasurement thirty-eight Guntha more or less in the Registration Sub-District of Mawal and bounded on or towards the North by the property of Naranji Parmanand on or towards the South by the property formerly of Dwarkadas Dharamsey but now of Morarji Vassonji and Pranjiwan Vassonji and Brothers on or towards the East by a passage on or towards the west by the property of Jiwandas Mulji and which premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the vendor.
The bungalows are in splendid condition and are well furnished. Arrangements for viewing the premises will be made on application and private offers will be considered.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Shroff and Dinshaw, Solicitors at their office at No. 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.
BENNETT, & CO.,
Bombay, 29th April, 1918.

B. MANEKLAL & CO.
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 7, Green Street, Fort, Adjacent to Bank of Bombay.
TO-DAY AT 3 P.M., (S.T.)
AUCTION SALE OF PRECIOUS JEWELLERY, PIECEGOODS, PLUSH & VELVET PIECES, FURNITURE, CYCLE, MOTOR-CAR, ETC.
TO-DAY MONDAY, the 29th instant at 3 p.m., (S.T.), B. MANEKLAL & Co., Auctioneers will sell by public auction at their Rooms situated at the groundfloor of No. 7, Green Street, Fort, adjacent to Bank of Bombay, where rich and precious jewellery, belonging to separate parties concerned set with diamonds, rubis, emeralds, consisting of earrings, nose-rings, bracelets, necklaces, rose-rings, marquis rings, hoop-rings, and other assorted rings kudas, etc., one lot of pearl-bangles, several rich pearl-bunches, etc., furniture bed-steads, almyrahs, cupboards, chairs, office tables, revolving, tables, marble-top-centre tables, dressing and washing tables etc., From gentlemen concerned one gents cycle, one rolled top table, some pieces of rich plush and velvets.
Articles are on view.
Terms as usual.
B. MANEKLAL & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 29th April, 1918.

J. S. MODY & CO.
20, APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 3409.
AUCTION SALE OF 59 "FORD" MOTOR CAR BODIES, OLD OUTER COVERS AND OLD INNER TUBES.
By order of the Assistant Director of Supplies and Transport (Embarkation) Bombay Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers will sell by public auction THIS DAY MONDAY the 29th day of April, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), in the Yard of Bombay Arsenal behind the Town Hall, Fort.
41 3/4 Body 4 Seater Ford Car Bodies.
2 3/4 Body 2 Seater Ford Car Bodies.
12 Full Body 4 Seater Ford Car Bodies.
4 Full Body 2 Seater Ford Car Bodies.
Old outer covers 3 tons 10 cwt. 3 qrs. 12 lbs.
Old inner tubes 3 tons 1 cwt. and 17 lbs.
The above will be put up for sale in small convenient lots to suit the requirements of purchasers, and are open for inspections of the intending buyers.
Cash will be required on the lots being knocked down.
J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 29th April, 1918.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

"Wanted," "To be Let," and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, are charged at the following rates, which must be pre paid:

Advertisements not exceeding (20 words) 8 annas per insertion; every additional word 1 anna.

Advertisements are not received after 6 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Two annas per line or Re. 1 per inch. No display allowed.

Educational Announcements.—Six annas per line or Rs. 3 per inch.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGER,
"Bombay Chronicle" Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Payable Strictly in Advance.

DAILY EDITION.

	LOCAL	UP-COUNTRY
Yearly	Rs. 30-0	Rs. 35-0
Half-yearly ...	,, 16-0	,, 18-0
Quarterly ...	,, 8-0	,, 9-0
Monthly	,, 3-0	,, 3-8

Single Copy .....TWO Annas.

SUNDAY EDITION.

	LOCAL.	UP-COUNTRY
Yearly	Rs. 5-0	Rs. 6-0

Single Copy ..... ONE Anna.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION. ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other European, etc., etc. Subjects:—"Bookkeeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas. Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

THE WESTERN DAIRY CO., opposite Mazagon Castle, Mazagon, Bombay, under purely European Supervision and Control. DAIRY PRODUCE. Pure Milk and Fresh Butter supplied twice daily to local customers. Milk delivered in securely sealed bottles. Pure Ghee in 1lb. tins nett Re. 1 per lb. PROVISION DEPT: Cheese Bacon, Hams, Teas, Coffees, etc. Best Brands of Australian, American, English and Indian Preserved Goods stocked. Prices on application. Special facilities and prompt attention given to up-country orders.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR MOTOR CAR DEALERS and REPAIRERS for Motor accessories and spare parts such as Brake lining of all sizes. English and American Threads Sparking Plugs, Electric and Acetylene Lamps, Hose pipes and clips, Hightension and Lowtension Wire, Large stock of Pump and Gas Rubber tubing, Zenith and White and Poppie Carburettors, Big stock of Press Buttoms, plated and Brass, spare parts for Ford and Overland Cars Model 83, Piston Ring for Buick, Oldsmobile, Overland, and Hudson Cars, Horns and H. F. Vulcanizing materials, etc., etc., for sale at a very moderate price at BRITISH INDIA MOTOR CAR Co., New Queen's Road, Bombay. 1073

TO-MORROW—We have something you want, going cheap to-morrow at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.). Come and inspect our Showrooms before the Auction starts. You can also buy many things prices of which are marked or you can place your offer with us, subject to the acceptance of the owners. MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. 3

TREASURY OFFICERS, P. W. D. Officers: Munition and Military Works, Jails, Railways and the various Government Depots have found our Locks quite satisfactory after long use. All orders and inquiries promptly attended to by Sole Agents, Pioneer Lock Works, R. H. PATUCK & Co., 265, Hornby Road, Bombay. 507

WANTED—All who require suitable posts. No registration fee in advance or commission afterwards. Enclose 4 pice stamps BHARATSEWAK AGENCY, Delhi. 4023

5000 EMPIRE TYPEWRITERS supplied to H. M.'s Government No. 1 Model Rs. 225, No. 2, Model Rs. 295. Catalogue from Empire Typewriter Agency Fort, Bombay. Mang. Props. A. B. KAPADIA & F. J. DAVAR. 6

ELECTRIC REPAIRS—Dyname, Motor, Medical Surgical and other instruments, carried out under strict expert supervision. Apply to STANDARD ELECTRIC CO., Apollo Street, Fort.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING in Mill Workshop and Residence, carried out on the most up-to-date principle. Large stock of English Accessories. Apply for quotation to STANDARD ELECTRIC CO., Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED Sufferers to use our harmless Sanyas's Oil externally for nervous debility. Non-irritant. A Phial Rs 2. Dr. Rupchand, B.M., Shikarpur, Sind.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

PHOTOGRAPHY—WANTED good NEGATIVE RETOUCHER. BACKHOUSE & Co., Poona. 3853

WANTED—A SMART LADY TYPIST. Pay according to qualification. Apply to Box No. 197, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4036

WANTED—A SALESMAN to introduce leather goods manufactured in India, suitable commission offered. Apply Box No. 192, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4024

WANTED.—An experienced and competent CARDER and SPINNER for a Local Mill. Apply to Box No. 88, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3692

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A TYPIST, one knowing Shorthand preferred. Apply to Box No. 179, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3989

WANTED—CASHIER with three Assistants for the Punjab National Bank, Ld., Bombay, on Rs. 150 per month. Men of experience and position will be preferred. Apply to the Bank. 3845

SALESMAN—For Chemicals Patent Proprietory Articles, Hosiery, Cutlery, Sundry lines. Apply stating terms to Box No. 175, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3980

WANTED—Good MECHANICS for erecting Oil Engines and Ice Machines in Bombay. Apply in person to DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF RECRUITMENT, No. 3 Shed, Wadi Bander, Bombay. 3947

WANTED—A SUPERVISOR at MOTINO DHARAMNO KANTO, having a good knowledge of English and Gujarati Bookkeeping. Security of Rs. 5,000 required. Apply personally with testimonials to R. B. HIRACHAND NEMCHAND, No. 292, Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay. 3988

WANTED.—An experienced SPINNING MASTER for a Local Mill, starting pay Rs. 450. Apply sharp stating past experience, age and nationality, one who can immediately join need only apply to Box No. 194, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4031

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A WEAVING MASTER for a Bombay Mill, on salary of Rs. 450 (more or less according to qualifications) with prospects. Apply submitting all particulars about knowledge stating caste to Box No. 195, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4032

AN experienced SPINNING MASTER WANTED in Bombay. Pay up to Rs. 600 according to qualifications. Those only who can join immediately need apply with full details about knowledge, age and caste to Box No. 200, Advt. Dept "Bombay Chronicle." 4041

REQUIRED.—A WEAVING MASTER in Bombay. Pay up to Rs. 600 according to qualifications. Those only who can join immediately need apply with full details about knowledge, age and caste to Box No. 199, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4040

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—CHARGEMEN for Electric Air Compressors running day and night at the Tunnel Works at Khand. Apply in writing with full particulars of experience and stating salary required to GENERAL MANAGER, The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co., Ltd., Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay. 3999

B. S. RAILWAY MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—WANTED—A SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON for three months for Bhavnagar State Railway Medical Department. Pay Rs. 35 per month with free quarters, Travelling allowance according to Civil Service Regulations. Apply at once stating qualifications, age, previous experience, if any, with copies of testimonials to Dr. P. DEB, M.B., C.M., Edin. Chief Medical Officer, Bhavnagar State Railway, Bhavnagar Para (Kathiawar.) 4012

WANTED.

WANTED—1,000 feet Three Inches CAST IRON MAIN PIPE in 9 feet lengths. Quote price, time, delivery, to Box No. 186, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4003

A Practical BUSINESSMAN with good references wishes to act as an agent of mofussil firms in Bombay. For particulars write to Box No. 191 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4014

WANTED.—A CAPITALIST to invest Rupees one lakh or thereabouts in a flourishing and profitable concern with well established inland and foreign business connections. Apply to Box No. 187 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4009

M. B., B.S., (Bombay) would like to go on any Homeward bound Steamer, as a Ship's Doctor or in attendance. Free passage and moderate terms acceptable. Box No. 167, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3936

WANTED.—A FINANCING PARTNER with a capital of five lakhs in a sound and profitable concern with well established business connections in Europe, America and Japan and having several Agencies of very profitable lines. Apply to Box No. 173, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3965

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED.—SERVICE by two aspiring and competent UNDERGRADUATES in Japan or Africa in a Commercial Firm. Intending merchants please write to Box No. 148, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3892

SITUATIONS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED Certified Shorthand Writer (Parsee) seeks EMPLOYMENT in Bombay. Please write to Box No. 193, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4027

WANTED—By a Hindu GUJARATI GRADUATE aged 25, SITUATION as a Private Secretary, or as a Companion and Tutor, or TUITIONS in the morning or evening. Commands experience of 5 years, and has excellent references. Terms moderate. Please apply Box No. 196, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4034

WANTED—A SITUATION by an expert MASSEURE, one who is qualified in America, can take charge of any private Health resort or sanitarium and has also undertaken to cure chronic sufferers without drugs by natural methods only a boon to rich people: can go to Hill climate Write for terms to Box No. 198, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4039

FOR SALE.

TURNER OIL ENGINE, quite new in original packing, from 2½ to 10 B.H.P. Apply to BALI & Co., Delhi. 4022

FOR SALE.—ELECTRIC PASSENGER LIFT complete. May be seen on application at the BANK OF BOMBAY. 4033

FOR SALE—2 PLATES, all round Boiler Shell circumference, 22ft. 6in., 7ft. inside diameter, 5/8in. thickness of plate 7ft. 9in. long. Apply Y. J. RUSTOMJI Co., Lahore. 3981

5 STAFF OFFICERS TENTS with Chintz lining and other small tents and Rawties are ready for immediate delivery. Apply MANAGER, TENT FACTORY. Tardeo. 4025

FOR SALE—LATHE, CIRCULAR SAW BENCHES, BAND SAW MACHINES, PLANING MACHINES, SHAPING MACHINES, WOOD PLANING MACHINES, CUTTER MACHINE, Apply LONDON AEROGRAPH, Girgaon. 4021

FOR SALE—Complete GINNING and PRESS FACTORIES, BOILERS. 28ft. x 7ft., 20ft. x 6ft., 18ft. x 5ft. of 150 lbs. pressures, big Steam and Oil Engines, Pumps, Openers, Heaters, and other machinery. Apply to ENGINEER & Co., Pydhonie, Bombay, 3. 3982

FOR SALE.—One GRAY WINDING MACHINE, 200 Spindles, Willan and Mills Make, and Sizing Machine in working order and Pulleys of every sorts. Apply POPATLAL GIRDHARLAL & Co., 14, Hummam Street, Bombay. 3956

FOR SALE—One Ruston Proctor Crude OIL ENGINE, 55 B. H. P. used one year. One Hornsby Crude Oil Engine, 45 B. H. P. used about three years. Both in excellent working condition. U. B. DUTT and Co., Calicut. 3793

FOR SALE—COCONUT PROPERTIES in bearing. FERTILE JUNGLE LANDS, situated in the best COCONUT and RUBBER districts in the island (CEYLON). Good title. Opportunity for Capitalists. Apply stating requirements to Box No. 137, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3852

MANGOES! MANGOES!!! SALEM MANGOES!!!—Ready for sale, Prices on application, New customers are requested to order with advance. S. K. I. ABDUL RAHIMAN SAHIB, Nursery Salem Nursery, Salem. Tel. Address: "Nursery Salem." 3915

FIELD SERVICE EQUIPMENTS—FOR SALE—Green Willes: Canvas Wolsely SLEEPING VALISE and HOLDALL combined, 6½ by 3 ft., lined with same material, leather bound, solid straps, carrier etc., brand new Rs. 48; Green Willes: Canvas HOLDALL, 5 by 3 ft., strong khaki lined with flaps and pockets, leather bound, brand new, Rs. 18; pair of FIELD GLASSES, powerful lenses, in brown leather case with straps, excellent condition, Rs. 60; Green Willes TRAVELLING BAG, 36 in. by 18 in., lock and key, Rs. 8; Real Crocodile hide SUIT CASE, 24 in. by 15 in. by 6 in. with 2 locks, crocodile capped corners, new, Rs. 75; FOLDING WASHING STAND and BASIN, Rs. 8; FOLDING CAMP BATH TUB of W. P. Canvas, Rs. 10; ROORKI PATTERN CAMP CHAIR, Rs. 12; Everything new; unused. Apply MANAGER, Equipment Factory, Nasirabad, Rajputana.

TO BE LET.

TO LET.—Spacious GROUND FLOOR PREMISES of "Cama Building," Bell Lane, Fort. For further particulars apply to GIRGAUM PAPER MILLS, Girgaum. 4035

TO BE LET.—Fine and spacious OFFICE PREMISES, fitted with E. L. and Fans on the first floor of Old Secretariat Building at Raja Bahadur Motilal Mansions, Fort, Bombay. Apply to the RECEIVER, 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. 3978

TO BE LET IMMEDIATELY—At Matheran for the Season, a very well furnished one-storeyed BUNGALOW on Chowk Point with beautiful garden and tennis court. Europeans or Parsis only. For rent and particulars apply to Box o. 183, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3998

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, ANDHERI, beg to announce that Mr. JOHN LAWRENCE LOPES is no longer in their service.

ARCHIBALD A. CRAWFORD.
Superintending Engineer.
24th April, 1918. 4004

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED is prepared to accept offers on TUESDAY, the 30th April, 1918, up to 12 noon, for the Grease which has been salved after the fire in the Alexandra Docks. This grease is suitable for the ordinary country bullock cart, etc., but is unsuitable for Mechanical Transport. Hence the reason I am selling it.

The Officer in charge M. & L. Section will show this grease to any one, who wishes to quote.

E. G. EDWARDS, Captain
for Lt.-Col.,
Asst.-Director of Supplies & Transport,
No. 3 Shed, Alexandra Docks.
Bombay, 26th April, 1918. 4029

NOTICE.

CREDITORS and SHAREHOLDERS of any Bank or Company of Punjab, now in Liquidation, wishing to sell their claims against ready cash, instead of waiting in uncertainty for years can correspond with the undersigned. Number of claim, the balance due and the rate acceptable be quoted to avoid unnecessary correspondence.

NIHAL CHAND,
Banker,
Ram Gali, Lahore.
3975

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned had filed a suit in the Bombay High Court, against RUTTONSHAW F. MOTIWALLA, L.C.E., alias F. RATANSHAW and NADIRSHAW K. FOLISHWALLA, partners in the firm of La Laboratorie de Paris and their Agent NUSSERWANJI M. MERCHANT for an injunction restraining them from selling their LYONS AGUE SPECIFIC in bottles and cardboard cases resembling those of the undersigned's SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC and that by a consent decree passed in the said suit on the 10th day of January, 1918, the defendants in the said suit have undertaken not to use in connection with packets or cardboard cases and colour which is either blue, grey or light green or any combination of colours of which blue, grey or light green form or forms, a substantial part and further not to use in connection with their packets cardboard cases or bottles or literature or advertisements, any device in which there is either (a) a horse, (b) a person riding any animal, (c) a spear or anything resembling a spear or (d) a person killing or attacking any dragon, a snake or any known or unknown creature or thing resembling a dragon or a snake, but the said undertaking shall not extend to the use by them of a snake alone.

The public are now hereby warned against selling or exposing for sale or otherwise dealing with the said Lyons Ague Specific in cardboard cases used by the defendants up to the date of the said decree or in any way contravening the provisions of the said decree and the undersigned will take due steps against any one selling or exposing for sale or otherwise dealing with the said Lyons Ague Specific in such cardboard cases as aforesaid.

MADON SONS & Co.,
Proprietors
SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC.
Bombay.
Dated this 27th day of April, 1918. 4037

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. R. D. SETHNA, the Receiver in Suit No. 705 of 1916, has contracted to sell to our client, the property mentioned in the Schedule hereunder written. All persons having any claim to or in such property or any portion thereof by way of sale, mortgage, lease, gift, charge, lien, maintenance, inheritance, survivorship or otherwise howsoever, should make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office in Cook's Building, Hornby Road, Fort, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece of land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at New Sewri Road, without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 10,856 square yards or thereabouts, bearing Collector's Old Nos. 61, 120, 220 and 248, New Nos. 14288, 14434, 14459 and 14695, and New Survey No. 1-2433 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward F Nos. 1157, 1158, 1159, 1160, 1161, 1162 and 1163 and Street Nos. 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90 and 91 and bounded on the West partly by the New Sewri Road and partly by the property of D. C. Shroff, on the North, South and East by the property of Dorabji Cursetji Shroff.

Dated this 24th day of April, 1918.
PATELL & EZEKIEL,
3953

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RAO BAHADUR PURSHOTAM BALKRISHNA JOSHI, of Bombay Hindu inhabitant has contracted to sell the property hereinafter described to Mr. NAROTAMDAS DAMODERDAS of Bombay Hindu inhabitant and the said Mr. NAROTAMDAS DAMODERDAS has contracted to sell it to our client. All persons having any claims or demands against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 375, Hornby Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of Foras Freehold tenure containing by admeasurement 174 1/3 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 75, New No. C 13572, Old Survey No. 186 and New Survey No. 1 F/7386 together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 1898 (4). Street No. 1 C, all which premises are situate at and on the Northern side of Khetwadi Main Road at Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and are bounded on the East by the property of Baba Luxman, on the West by the property of Anandrao Waman Shete, on the North by the property of Dashrath Govind and on the South by the said Khetwadi Main Road and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Vendor Rao Bahadur Purshotam Balkrishna Joshi and his tenants.

Dated this 25th day of April, 1918.
SHROFF AND DINSHA,
4005 Purchaser's Attorneys.

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. RAMDAS RAVJI, KALLIANDAS RAVJI and BHUGWANDAS RAVJI have contracted to sell to our client Bai JAVERBAI, widow of Mr. Shaikally Sullemanji, the undermentioned property. All persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest, claim, or demand in respect of the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, charge, mortgage, sale, gift, lien, lease trust, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office No. 1, Hamum Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of the Rates and Taxes at the Municipality of Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof at the expiration of which period, the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim or claims, if any, which shall then be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of quit and ground rent tenure with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Maruti Street, in Hanuman Lane, within the Fort in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 60 square yards or thereabouts and which property is registered in the Book of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 444, New No. 5486, Old Survey No. 768, New Survey No. 8731 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Waro A No. 2490, Street No. 96 and bounded as follows:—i.e., to say on the East by the property formerly of the late Hormasji Shapurji Batliwala but now of Ratanbai Kallian, on the West by the property formerly of the late Jalbhai Curshedji Batliboi but now of Framji Jamsetji Batliboi, on or towards the North by a sweeper's passage on or towards the South by the Maruti Street or Hanuman Lane aforesaid and which premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors.

Dated this 25th day of April, 1918.
SOONDERDAS & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
4030 6

SALE BY AUCTION.

MENESSE & CO.
No. 85, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 4083.

AUCTION SALE OF 1 MOTOR LAUNCH, NAMED "SARASWATI."

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 30th April, 1918, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), at their Rooms, on account of the concerned:—

1 Motor Launch named "Saraswati" with an Oil Motor 27 H.P. 2 tanks for fuel, fully equipped with green waterproof awning, measuring 39ft. 6in., long, 5ft. 6in. broad, 3ft., 6in. deep.

The above Launch is now lying at the Town Custom House Wharf, where the intending bidder can see the same.

MENESSE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 29th April, 1918.

GANDHI & CO
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS
No. 52 Medows Street.

SALE TO-DAY AT 3 P.M., (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF 202 CASES EMPTY GLASS BOTTLES.

THIS DAY MONDAY, the 29th April, 1918, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. GANDHI & Co., will sell by public auction at their Rooms No. 52, Medows Street, Fort, by order of an office concerned and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Mr. Kasum Usman:—

107 Cases of empty bottles, each of 2 oz. & V.-P. 5 co.—Tel. each case contaiinng 6 gross.

95 Cases of empty bottles of ¼, ½ and 1 oz. & V.-P. 1 co.—Tel. each case containing 6 gross.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI, & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 29th April, 1918.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.
Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.
No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE OF 25 CASES JAPANESE CAMPHOR.

THIS DAY MONDAY, the 29th instant, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of Sha Manordas Dayaldas and Co., at Thucker Ratansy Kersondas' godown at Chinch Bunder and on account and at the risk of Seth Balaram Prathiraj:—

25 cases Japanese Camphor each 80 tins, each tin weighing 1 lbs. and containing 24 bundles equal to 960 tablets.

AUCTION SALE OF 5 PACKAGES WHITE SHIRTINGS.

On WEDNESDAY, the 1st May at 3 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by public auction, at Moolji Jetha Market, Ganesh Gully behind the temple by orders of the concerned and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Seth Mathuradas Gopalji of Dadar Gully.

5 packages white shirting No. 811½ 34 inches and 40 yards.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 29th April, 1918.

AMUSEMENTS.

Dr. MONTROSE IN NEW YORK
A WONDERFUL LABORATORY DISCOVERY!
THRILLING AND STIRRING SCENES
IN THE
FOURTH 9,000 FT. LONG INSTALMENT OF
'CRIMSON STAIN MYSTERY'
FROM SATURDAY 27th APRIL.
AT THE
New Alhambra Cinema

A Tempting Offer: Rs. 500 Cash Prizes will be Distributed in all Classes at the end of the Serial.

SATURDAY & SUNDAY PRIZE MATINEES at 3-30 and 5-15 and Every Night at 7; 8-45 and 10-30 (S. T.)

NEW SANDHURST ROAD,
Telephone No. 2417.

AMUSEMENTS

PALACE
OF VARIETIES
At 6-30 **To-night** At 10 p.m.
GAIETY THEATRE EDWARDES
The Gaiety Co.
Presents
Select Vaudevilles
and
A Thrilling Exclusive Cinema Drama
AN
ADVENTUROUS HONEYMOON

Thursday May 2nd
STARRING ENGAGEMENT
of
THE QUIPS
THE QUIPS
THE QUIPS
A Combination of Talented Singers, Dancers-Revue and Novelty Turns
introducing
IDAHO
The Celebrated Novelty Artiste.
SISTERS DEANE
Beautiful Soubrettes and Dancers.
STEVE BUCKINGHAM
London's Genial Comique, etc., etc.

THE EXCELSIOR
Maurice E. Bandman presents the
BANDMAN OPERA Co.
In all the Leading London Musical Successes
To-night Monday 29th, To-morrow Tuesday 30th and Wednesday 1st May
Capt. Brainsfather's Humorous Musical War Play
"THE BETTER 'OLE"

Thursday 2nd, and Friday, 3rd May.
The Immensely Popular Musical Comedy
"THE ARCADIANS"
From the Apollo Theatre London

Saturday, 4th May.
The great Lyric Theatre London Success
"THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER"

Prices as usual: Plan at ROSE & Co.
After 7 p.m. at the Theatre.

TO-NIGHT AT 6-30
SUPER SENSATIONAL SERIAL
"EXPLOITS OF ELAINE"

Only 3 Performances
EN ROUTE TO POONA.
Under the kind Patronage of H. H. the Maharaja Sayajirao Gaekwar of Baroda
THE
GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI
will perform at the
BALIWALA GRAND TREATRE, TARDEO
on
Tuesday, 30th April, 1918 at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.)
SANGIT
MANAPMAN
in 5 Acts.
Thursday, the 2nd May, 1918 at 8-30 p.m (S.T.)
SANGIT
MRICHHAKATIKA
in 7 Acts.
Friday, 3rd May, 1918 at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.
SANGIT
SWAYAMWARA
in 5 Parts.
No repetition of any performance.
Tickets can be had at—the Mandali's Residence (opposite the Grant Road Station Post Office, old Sewa Sadan Bunglow) from 22nd Inst.

K. P. PANDIT,
Manager.

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IN BOMBAY

and its suburbs our manufactured

COSSI SILK SUIT PIECES

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON

are much liked for their durability, softness and excellent texture. Eeah piece is worth the price and is guaranteed for

ONE SUIT COMPLETE.

Price, **Rs. 8** per piece.

Order a piece To-day and mark what you save in the long run.

Hundreds have already tried,

WHY NOT YOU?

Order from—

GOOD LUCK COMPANY

BENARES CITY (India).

ME

Tramways carry me.
City walls proclaim me.
Papers advertise me.
Markets demand me.

I AM

ATANK NIGRAH PILLS.

—A TONIC—

Brain and Nerve Builder.

I. THINK

—You can know me.
Buy me and try me.
I am sold at a Rupee at

ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY

JAMNAGAR-KATHIAWAR and
Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

32 Balajee's Toys 32

The Ideal Playthings for

INDIAN CHILDREN

Order to-day and keep your Children Happy.

Big Set Rs. 4-0. Medium Rs. 2-8

Small Set Rs. 2-0.

32 THINGS.

Free Detailed Silk Catalogues.

BALAJEE & Co.,

BENARES CITY.

When Ordered to the Front

Send all your requirements to

THE MILITARY PENSIONERS CO.

Our service is perfect and satisfaction guaranteed.

Commanding officers all over the country have taken thousands of these water bottles from us.

Ask for particulars from

The Military Pensioners Co.

TO-DAY.

JUST FOR THE SEASON

AUTOMATIC VACUUM ICE CREAM FREEZER

The latest invented

Manufactured on highly scientific principle

Price:—2 quarts machine Rs. **30** nett. 1 quart Rs. **20.**

Most Economical and Time saving Machine. Guaranteed for its durability. A Legacy for every family.

Special terms for Wholesale Merchants

Agents wanted.

Apply to

SETHNA & Co.,

160, KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, April 28.

Rain has fallen at most of the stations in Mysore and locally in Assam, and Malabar. Few falls occurred in Burma and south-east Madras. The chief amounts are:—Narayanganj two inches, Mysore Mercara three quarters. Conditions are slightly unsettled in the Punjab.

Forecast:—Extension of rain in north-east India.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 26th April 1918.

Means of observations taken at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr.....	29.836 Inches
Temperature of Air	84.0 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	79.2 ,,
Dew Point	77.6 ,,
Relative humidity of Air	0.813 ,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	3.4 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air	89.1 ,,
Minimum do. do.	80.4 ,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	SSW, WSW, W.
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	89 Miles

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.		LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.	
	Apl.	h.	m.	ft.	in.	Apl.	h.	m.	ft.	in.
Sat.	27	m 0	9a	28	1	27	m 5	27	15	6
		11	53a	26	8		6	2a	18	6
Sun.	28	m 0	43a	28	2	28	m 5	58	15	5
							6	38a	18	9
Mon.	29	m 0	26	26	6	29	m 6	30	15	6
		1	1-a	27	11		7	14a	19	2
Tues.	30	m 1	12	25	1	30	m 7	4	15	9
	Leap year	1	54a	27	7	Day	7	51a	19	8
Wed.	1	m 1	38	25	8	1	m 7	40	16	3
		2	32a	27	0		8	32a	20	1
Thur	2	m 2	19	25	1	2	m 8	20	17	0
		3	17a	26	6		9	23a	20	4
Fri	3	m 3	14	24	7	3	m 9	14	17	10
		4	15a	26	1		10	47a	20	3

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

	Sunrise.	Sunset
April 27 (Saturday)	6h. 14m.	6h. 59m.
,, 28 (Sunday)	6h. 13m.	7h. 0m.
,, 29 (Monday)	6h. 12m.	7h. 0m.
,, 30 (Tuesday)	6h. 12m.	7h. 0m.
May 1 (Wednesday)	6h. 11m.	7h. 1m.
,, 2 (Thursday)	6h. 11m.	7h. 1m.
,, 3 (Friday)	6h. 10m.	7h. 1m.

Phases of the Moon:—

		d.	h.	m.
Last Quarter	April 1918,	4	3	56-2 a.m.
New Moon	,,	10	6	30-9 p.m.
First Quarter	,,	18	1	44-3 a.m.
Full Moon	,,	26	4	2-4 a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 27th April 1918, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear except in the extreme north. Both day and night temperatures are locally below normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is below the average. Temperature is in defect at Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or only lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess in upper Sind. Day temperature is above the average at Karachi; night temperature is below normal in lower Sind and parts of Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is below normal in the north of the division. Day temperature is above the average in the north of Gujarat and Kathiawar and below it at Surat.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is generally below normal. Night temperature is below the average in the northern districts.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded and at Bombay humidity is in slight excess.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum reports a thunderstorm but practically no rain. Skies are moderately clouded in the south Bombay Deccan and are clear or only lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is below normal in the northern half of the division. Day temperature is locally below the average in the south Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—A few dust or thunderstorms are reported from the south Bombay Deccan and the north-west of the Central Provinces but no rain has fallen. In Malabar thunderstorms have been nearly general and Calicut has had 0.97in. of rain.

Thunderstorms may occur in Malabar and possibly in the Central Provinces.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. C. D. BOYES, D.D.S., L.D.S., R.D.S., (Sydney), late Examiner in Dental Surgery at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Calcutta and Dental Surgeon by Appointment to H. M. Forces (8th Division), may now be consulted at 277, Hornby Road, opposite Whiteaway and Laidlaws, (entrance by the side street, facing the Fire Brigade Station.)

In order to advertise his new address Dr. Boyes will charge the following GREATLY REDUCED FEES for a limited time only—

Guaranteed Painless Extractions Rs. 3.

Gold, Porcelain or Amalgam filling from Rs. 5 upwards.

A complete set of Artificial Teeth upper or lower on Vulcanite Rs. 50.

Superior quality teeth mounted on Dental composition plates and fitted with patent interchangeable suctions upper or lower sets Rs. 75.

These sets are guaranteed for 10 years but with care will last a lifetime.

Partial sets from Rs. 10 upwards.

Gold plates, Gold crowns, and Bridge work at moderate prices.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Hours 9—6. Sundays 10—12.

N.B.—Dr. Boyes holds the sole rights for India of Dr. Henderson Randall of Chicago's world famous anaesthetic—"NERVOTUNDER." This wonderful preparation which has almost entirely taken the place of cocaine in the U. S. A., has all the good qualities of cocaine without any of its disadvantages. From 1 to 20 teeth may be extracted at one sitting without the slightest pain or ill after effects.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

New York, April 22nd.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports			8,000
,, Exports to Great Britain			Nil
,, to Continent..			5,000
Futures at New York May			28.86
,, July			28.60
Spot Cotton at New York			30.45
,, Orleans			33.00
Futures at New Orleans May			28.23
July			27.61
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)			..
Demand Bills			4.75.45
Silver Commercial Bars			99½

On extra ordinary demand India and China.

New York, April 23rd.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports			..
,, Exports to Great Britain			Nil
,, to Continent..			1,000
Futures at New York May			..
,, July			..
Spot Cotton at New York			..
,, Orleans			..
Futures at New Orleans May			..
July			..
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)			8½
Demand Bills			4.75.45
Silver Commercial Bars			99½

MONEY MARKET.

London, April 22nd.

Bar Silver Spot	49
Closing Tone of Silver:—Steady.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April 1917.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st.	3 9/16
,, Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	3 1/2
,, Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 1/4
,, 6	4 5/8
(interest day to day loans	2 3/4
,, 7 day market loans	3 1/4
Consols 2½%	55½
Rupee Paper 3½% Nominal	44½
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	62½
Government Securities 3 %	54
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	27.17

WAR LOANS.

London, April 22nd.

5½% 1925—1928	£86½
4½% 1925—1945	£101½
5% New	£94½

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, April 22nd.

RAPESEEDS.

Rapeseed, Fercenore usual Bold Afloat Value	590
Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat, 416 lbs. ex-Ship	
March-April Value	600
Tone of Rapeseed.—Firm	
Toria Rapeseed Afloat Value Nominal	600

LINSEED.

Linseed Calcutta Value	595
Tone of Linseed:—Firm but inactive.	

METALS:

English best Selected Copper	£121
Standard Copper G M B. Nominal	£110½
Hard Spelter Nominal..	—

JAVA SUGAR

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta	
April-May Nominal	16/6
do. do. July-Sept. Nominal ..	16/6
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta April-May	
Nominal	191
do do July-Sept.	151
Tone.—Nominal	

RUBBER:

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure May-June Buyers	3/2
Tone:—Steady	
Plantation First Latex Crepe June-July Buyers	2/6½

BOMBAY MARKETS.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, April 27th 1918,—4 p.m.

		Bazar Terms. Rs	Rail Delivery. as	p	Rs
Wheat, White Delhi 70-80..	..	54	0	0	7 8 0
,, ,, Cawnpore 70-80	..	54	0	0	7 8 0
,, Karachi Bangla	..	54	0	0	7 8 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	..	7	2	0	7 8 0
,, Cawnpore	..	7	0	0	7 6 0
,, Yellow Cawnpore	..	7	0	0	7 6 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	..	7	12	0	8 2 0
,, Thin	..	7	6	0	7 12 0
Teelseed, White 85.15	..	62	0	0	— —
,, Gajar 75.25	..	55	0	0	— —
,, Gajar 50.50	..	54	0	0	— —
,, Black ..	..	50	0	0	— —
Poppyseed, White ..	..	8	12	0	9 2 0
Groundnuts	..	43	0	0	— —
Mowraseed	..	5	0	0	5 6 0
Barley ..	..	36	0	0	5 3 0
Castorseed	..	47	0	0	9 9 0
Forward		Rs	as	p	
Wheat April-May	..	7	1	6	
Linseed May	..	8	6	0	

BOMBAY AND CHINA YARN MARKET.

Bombay April 27th 1918.

	Rate per lb
Davids No. 10	As. 15 — 8
Anupurji No. 10	,, 14 — 11
Simplex No. 10	,, 14 — 10
Edward No. 10	,, 14 — 16
Light Houses No. 6½	,, 13 — 0

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 27th 1918.

	Market Rates
Bank Telegraphic	1 5 15½
,, Demand	1 6 1
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	1 6 7
Rcs. Demand	204
American Dollars	279
Hongkong	209
Shanghai	214
Japan	1 8½
Singapore	1 6½

Market steady.

INDIAN WAR LOAN.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

Bombay, April 27th.

	Rs.
Cash Certificates	775-0
Total up-to-date	27,44,230-8

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, April 27.

Although there was practically nothing doing in coal shares and industrials were more or less neglected, there was a more spirited inquiry for jute mill shares, under the influence of which these shares made a distinct advance. The market closed steady. Following were closing quotations:—

Coal:—Raneegunge 44; Seetarampur 22.

Jute:—Auckland (ord) 322; Clive (ord) 200; Fort William (ord) 280; Howrah (ord) 47-12; Kamarhatty (ord) 536; Kankinarrah (ord) 653; Lansdowne (ord) 317; New Central (ord) 679; Northbrook (pref) 116; Reliance (ord) 44-8; Union (ord) 610, 630.

Miscellaneous:—Auckland Jute (deb) 95; Behar Oil 36, 36-4 x.d.; Britannia Biscuits 12-8, Fort Gloster Jute (deb) 95; Great India Phospate 24 p.; Reliance Fire Brick and Pottery 17-12; Union Jute (deb) 95.

Government paper 3½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 65-4 to 65-8 and small lots were done at Rs. 65-10 to 66.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Lady Willingdon lays the corner-stone of Sir Harkisondas Narotamdas Hospital, New Charni Road, 5-15 p.m.

Annual distribution of prizes at St. Teresa's School, Girgaum, at 6 p.m.

TUESDAY, April 30.

H. E. the Governor lays the foundation stone of a New Seamen's Institute, Nicol Road, Fort, 5-15 p.m.

Indore-Malwa United Mills, Ltd., Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings, Esplanade Road, 2 p.m.

Planet Mills, Ltd., Ordinary General Meeting, Apollo Street, 4 p.m.

Tata Mills, Ltd., Ordinary General Meeting Navsari Buildings, Hornby Road, 4 p.m.

THURSDAY, May 2.

University Examination Results: Preliminary Scientific and B.Sc. Examinations, 12-30 p.m.

Empire of India Life Assurance Co., Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, Elphinstone Circle, 2-30 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Clarke's Cirque, at Dhobi Talao, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

Royal Opera House, Cinema at 6-45 and 10-0 p.m.

Excelsior Theatre: The Bandman Opera Co., at 9-30 and Cinema at 6-30.

Palace of Varieties: Gaiety Theatre 6-30 and 10 p.m., "Special Vaudevilles."

Empire Cinema: at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

Majestic Cinema: Girgaum, near Tram Terminus, 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

West-End Cinema: Charni Road, 5-30, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15.

Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30.

New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 (S. T.).

Anglo-American Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.

New Alexandra Cinema: Lohar Chawl, Princess Street.

Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0 and 8-45.

4TH BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE

Bombay, April 27.

Wednesday, 1st.—7-15, Churchgate Sands, Troop Drill, Fort Troops, 6-45, Jackal Club Flats, Troop Drill Salsette Troops.

NOTICE.

All arms in possession of members are to be returned to Headquarters during the current week, including oil bottles and pullthroughs.

E. G. PEARSON,
2nd-Lieut. and Adjutant,
4th Bombay Light Horse.

BAND AT THE P. V. MARY GYMKHANA

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1/13th G. I. P. Railway Battalion, will play a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, to-day, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

LANGUAGE PROBLEM IN INDIA.

Dr. E. J. H. Taraporevala will lecture in English at the hall of the Theosophical Society (72, Apollo Street, Fort), to-day at 6-30 p.m. on "Language Problem in India."

THE TELGU TEMPERENCE ASSOCIATION

Under the ausnices of the above Association, Mr. Saraswati Das will conduct a "Pravachan", in Marathi, to-day at 8 p.m. (S. T.), in the Girls' School compound, 9th Kamatipura.

A. E. S OLD BOY'S UNION.

It is desired to make a directory of all the old boys of the Aryan Education Society's High School. All the past students of the school are therefore requested to send their names and addresses to the secretaries of the Old Boys' Union at the school address, as early as possible.

GATHERING OF MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS' CHILDREN.

A gathering of the Municipal Schools' children members of the War and Relief Fund—Class A and B will be held from 4 p.m. to 6 p.m. (B. T.) at the Lord Harris School building (next to Gokuldas Tejpal Hospital, Carnac Road) to-day. There will be various functions performed by the school children.

POSTAL NOTICE.

In future no information will be published regarding the latest date of closing the English Mail in Bombay. The public are advised to post their mail letters as soon as they are ready, and they may feel assured that the letters will be sent by the first mail steamer available. Duplicates of mail correspondence, if sent, should be posted a full fortnight after the originals.

2. The arrival of each Indian Mail in London and the date of its despatch from Bombay will, in future, be notified by telegram and communicated at once to the public.

ALLEGED ENTICING OF MARRIED WOMAN.

ACCUSED ACQUITTED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Oliveira, Third Presidency Magistrate, Rangu Raghoo, a coachman in the service of Dr. Nayak charged Bhiku and Kashinath Sakharam with enticing away his wife Shanti.

The story for the prosecution was that the two accused were boarding with the complainant. On the 12th of March, both the accused sent the complainant's daughter out of the house to play. When the latter returned she found her mother missing, also the two accused.

The defence was that the second accused had gone away to his native town to attend a marriage-ceremony. The complainant ill-treated his wife who left her husband of her own accord. The charge against him was false.

Shantibai, stated that she had left her husband, as he used to ill-treat her.

On the evidence before him his Worship held that there was no offence committed by the accused and ordered their discharge.

Mr. P. Vijayker, pleader, defended the second accused.

OPIUM AND LIQUOR PROSECUTIONS.

Before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Bhatkal Sunder charged Lakhman Veljee "alias" Lakhman Jairam with possessing, without a license, four lbs. of opium valued at Rs. 90 which was found tied round his waist when he was arrested and searched by a policeman at the Red Gate, Alexandra Docks, Ose Abdul Rehman Abdul Gani was also charged with importing from Goa a pint of country liquor. He was arrested with the liquor at Carnac Bunder by Customs peon, Putlaji Vithoo.

Both the accused were convicted. The first was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100 or in default, to one month's simple imprisonment. The second accused was fined Rs. 3 only.

HOME RULE DEPUTATION AND MACHIAVELLISM.

SIR. M. O'DWYER'S OUTBURST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, April 26.

The Punjab Legislative Council reassembled to-day, the Lieutenant-Governor presiding.

In winding up proceedings, his Honour Sir Michael O'Dwyer delivered a lengthy speech in the course of which he reviewed the administration of the past year and dwelt on the economic situation, industrial development, the internal security of the province and concluded his speech with a reference to the war. "Regarding Messrs. Tilak and Pal the order which were passed over a year ago my Government sees no reason to alter or modify. I explained my reasons for that action a year ago, and those reasons have since then lost none of their force. By a recent order the Home Government has refused to allow Messrs. Tilak, Pal and others to start their Home Rule propaganda in England. They say such a proceeding at any time would be improper. Under existing circumstances, when the country is waging a great war and is confronted with a crisis of the greatest magnitude which calls for a supreme concentration of national effort, and so far as is possible the suspension of purely political agitation and platform controversy, it is one in which Government would not acquiesce. Those arguments are particularly applicable to the Punjab where the loyalty and patriotism of the people are limited by no qualifications or conditions nor the Machiavellian policy of endeavouring to extort advantages from the supposed embarrassments of the Empire who have never been taught to distrust their government."

He concluded by expressing confidence that now that the gravity of the existing situation had been realised all parties would combine in the great united and national effort on behalf of the King and country.

TWO-ANNA NICKEL BITS COUNTERFEITED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, April 27.

The new two anna nickel bit is only three weeks old and it has already been counterfeited in Calcutta. Yesterday a police officer arrested a man with a number of counterfeit two anna bits in his possession. Further enquiry is proceeding.

DEPRESSED CLASSES MISSION CONFERENCE.

The Second Provincial Depressed Classes Mission Conference will be held at Bijapur on Monday the 6th of May 1918, when the Hon. Mr. B. S. Kamat will preside.

PARSI WRITERS' ASSOCIATION.

The twentieth ordinary general meeting of the Parsi Writers' Association, Bombay, was held on Friday under the presidency of Shams-ul-Olma Dr. Jivanji J. Mody.

The Secretary then presented the report for 1917 which was adopted.

A vote of thanks to the chair terminated the proceedings.

KOLABA ZILLA SABHA.

The seventh sessions of the Kolaba Zilla Sabha was announced to be held at Khopoli on the 4th and 5th of May next. But the Hon. Mr. Patel the President-elect of the Bombay Provincial Conference having to attend the Viceregal Conference at Delhi, the organizers of the meetings of the Bombay Provincial Conference at Bijapur changed the dates of its sittings from the 25th, 26th and 27th instant to 4th, 5th and 6th proximo. The Reception Committee of the Kolaba Zilla Sabha have consequently altered the dates for holding the seventh sessions of the Zilla Sabha at Khopoli from 4th and 5th to 11th and 12th May.

POONA PRARTHANA SAMAJ.

In connection with the 47th anniversary of the Samaj, Babu Sudhirchandra Banerji will deliver a public address on "The basis of National Progress" in the Samaj Mandir, Budhawar Peth, at 6-30 p.m. to-day.

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Malaria—an empty dream,
Doctors diagnose in slumbers,
And drugs are not what they seem.

Pain is real! Fever earnest!
And the grave is sure the goal;
"Dust thou art to dust returnest."
To the Body says the Soul.

Though enjoyment, and not sorrow,
Is the victim's hope and aim:
With all the help that he can borrow,
The symptoms still remain the same.

While they last, his strength is fleeting
And his heart, though stout and brave,
Like a muffled drum is beating
Funeral marches to the grave.

In this Man-Malaria battle
The struggle is of death and life,
Where no arms or armours rattle,
But SQUIBB'S the hero in the strife.

Trust no mixtures, howe'er pleasant
Their advertisements you have read!
Try not "cures" that yet one hasn't!
But trust in SQUIBB and GOD o'erhead.

Imitators all remind us
None can vie with SQUIBB sublime
In the race they fall behind us
Efaced on the sands of time.

The name of SQUIBB finds fate another
In this world of many fevers,
A solace to a health-wrecked brother
When fever burns or ague shivers.

Malaria is up and doing,
In his hands now hangs your fate:
But SQUIBB, as ever, keeps pursuing.
The fiend, who flies precipitate.

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REMINDER TO SUBSCRIBERS.

From 1st May, 1918, copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" will be supplied on a prepayment basis only. Subscribers who have not as yet paid their subscriptions are requested to send the amount to this office before the 15th of the next month to avoid inconvenience which may be caused by the stoppage of their copies as no outstandings can be allowed henceforth.

THE INDIAN NEWSPAPER CO. LTD.,
Proprietors.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
Monday, 29th April, 1918.

DISTRUSTING STILL.

The Conference which commenced its sitting at Delhi on Saturday could not have met under more disappointing circumstances than it did. His Excellency the Viceroy, in opening it, claimed for it a historic importance greater than that of many assemblages which Delhi has seen in her long history. The importance, however, attaches more to the decision to summon the Conference than to the assemblage which really met at Delhi on Saturday. No greater and more historic decision was ever taken by British statesmen than to appeal to the Indian people—not peoples as the Viceroy said—to redouble their efforts in the prosecution of the war. A proper response to such an appeal could have been made only by a great assemblage of the chosen representatives of the people. Here then was an opportunity for Lord Chelmsford to head a really popular movement—an opportunity such as no Viceroy before him had enjoyed. How was that opportunity availed of? As usual, the bureaucracy was allowed to mar a great occasion by a characteristic display of melancholy meanness and lack of imagination—with the result that the Conference which should have evoked unbounded and widespread enthusiasm throughout the country was initially deprived of the one indispensable element for its success, namely, the confidence of the people.

In spite of this, the Viceroy still had an opportunity of carrying the people with him by rising above the petty-minded and unpatriotic schemings of the bureaucracy. In failing to rise to the full height of his opportunity, Lord Chelmsford showed how completely he is under the influence of his advisers whose interests clash with those of the people. "To-day," his Excellency told the Conference, "after well nigh four completed years of war, the guns are thundering and men are dying on the field of Flanders and of France to settle the great issue, is right might, or is might right, and your Emperor calls upon India at this supreme moment to rally to his call, and to establish it for all time, that right is might." In these words, the Viceroy correctly summed up the issue as it must present itself to all who are either concerned to preserve their liberty or longing for liberty for themselves. This presentment of the issue so far as India is concerned can be accurate only if her people feel that in undergoing all the sacrifices that may be demanded from them to win the war, they are fighting for their freedom as well as for the freedom of other nations. The Viceroy wants to feel that he is carrying India herself along with the Empire at large, wants her to realise that this is her war and that her sons who go forth to fight, go to fight for their own motherland. For Indians to feel like this it is obviously essential that they must have that liberty assured to them in their own motherland which they are asked to help to win for others. They can feel this assurance if the Imperial Government trusts them by an immediate acceptance of the scheme of reforms which their most representative bodies have asked for. The Viceroy, therefore, entirely missed the real issue when he said that "the liberty of the world must be won before our aspirations for liberalising Indian political institutions can acquire any tangible meaning."

It is no great consolation to the people to know that Mr. Montagu is on his way to England with a scheme of reforms in his pocket. For, if that scheme is in accordance with the aspirations and needs of the people, there was no occasion for the appalling telegram from the War Cabinet cancelling the passports of the members of the Home Rule Deputation. Lord Chelmsford referred to those who would exploit England's difficulty and those who would wish to bargain, and ended with a disingenuous appeal in the words of Burke by saying "Let us pass on, for God's sake, let us pass on." We should like in this connection to remind his Excellency of the reply another great Englishman always used to give to such pleas, and say "Let us clear our mind of cant." It is not India that is exploiting England's difficulty, but the bureaucracy which is exploiting India's loyalty to thwart her aspirations. She is only concerned to prevent the bureaucracy taking advantage of that difficulty by stultifying the expression of the people's views with its schemings. Nor is it India that is in a mood for bargaining, but the bureaucracy which, having learnt nothing from the war, is determined to hold back as many rights of the people as possible until sheer necessity compells it to part with its monopoly of power. There could have been no more unedifying demonstration of this spirit of bargaining than the whole business of the Conference itself which is a cut and dried officialised imposition and which will be imposed on the world as, what it is not really, the expression of India's spontaneous outburst. It is the old story over again. The Viceroy *could* have a wonderful response, —if he trusted the people. As it is a great opportunity has been sadly missed.

THE FAINT-HEARTED CONVERTS.

Questions of vast moment, on which are balanced the fate of mighty empires, are on the anvil of time, and it is not unnatural that India and her problems, usually treated with but cold neglect, should be altogether forgotten in Britain. It is therefore some gratification to find the future of India dealt with in the "Nineteenth Century" by two such distinguished Anglo-Indians as Sir Francis Younghusband and Sir Andrew Fraser. No Indian can afford to forget that the British elector will have the final and decisive word in the proposed constitutional changes in regard to this country. All discussion on Indian questions in England must, therefore, be welcome whatever its source provided it is born, not of self-interest and little-minded partizanship, but of an honest desire to sift the essentials of the situation. It bespeaks the times that the ranks of the eternal believers in autocracy in the East, typified by the Madras Anglo-Indian clique and their reactionary friends in London, should get so progressively thinned and a number of the erstwhile followers of the creed should be driven to do ostensible worship at other shrines. These Anglo-Indian satraps, with a generation of Indian experience, profess to be in no mood to quarrel with the new declared goal of British policy in India, namely, the ultimate establishment of a system of responsible Government. Indeed, one of the writers is too anxious to proclaim that that has ever been the ideal of the British administrator and that we are discussing "no new policy." Though that lofty ideal was undeniably a dream which the Anglo-Indian statesmen of old frequently dreamed the practice, and not unoften, the precept of the present generation of the rulers of this country gave a very rude negative to that noble aim of British policy. Is it not the bare truth that for twenty years past those who held the strings of powers missed no occasion to assert that the spirit of democracy was foreign to the East and that India could never be trusted with Parliamentary institutions? If that was the time-worn cult of Sir Andrew and his friends, the Indian is fully entitled to aver that far from a pursuit of that great ideal, there was a mad career towards unchecked autocracy on which but a partially effective rein was drawn by the arrival of Lord Morley and the subsequent uprising of the waters of democracy as a result of the war. Prussianism and its sins have so effectively laid bare autocracy in its gruesome reality that even the nearer autocrats have had to haul down their colours, however unwillingly, for a time and do homage at the shrine of democracy. And the excessive caution, the fainthearted timourousness of the movement towards the acknowledged goal on which these writers so repeatedly insist may well make us suspect if there is any other than lip service at the holy altar of this new spirit. Why this excessive anxiety to believe and reiterate that the goal "will take nearer a century than a decade to reach." If other lands have grown self-governing and, withal great, in a shorter space of time, why should poor India, after a hundred and fifty years of British rule, yet require a long century to work to this ideal? The root cause of the ineradicable ultra-conservatism of the Anglo-Indian is perhaps to be looked for in Sir Francis' mistaken notion "that the development of self-governing institutions in India will necessitate the complete reversal of the attitude of mind of three hundred and fifty million people." No more unsound fundamental was ever postulated. Has this wild allegation of the complete severance of the Indian habit of mind from democratic notions and instincts little of a foundation in fact? If one looks at the way in which the people of this country have for ages administered the affairs of the village, the caste, and the temple it is impossible not to perceive the well-developed germs of democratic spirit in them. Is it not then beating the air with vain phrases to say of a people of ancient culture that they have been unaccustomed to think or act for themselves and that if self-government is to succeed there has to be a change in the "native disposition of the people"?

Sir Francis lays down the startling dictum that the British in course of their three hundred years' connection with India have "grown into the fabric of the country" and "become as much a part of the Indian people as Aryans, Moghals, Afghans, Parsis, Arabs or any other race which has immigrated from outside." We believe so preposterous a claim has never been advanced even by the accredited representatives of the proverbially fleeting British population in the land and surely the writer could have enlarged on the importance of the British community to the country without indulging in hysterics so patently extravagant. It would only be too true to assert that many an acute problem of to-day would have been unknown if the British element had really woven itself into the nation. The tardy recognition by Sir Francis of the fact that India must progress on self-governing lines is accompanied by a nervous anxiety that the British element in the population of the country should 'increase in numbers and increase in influence in the future." And he points a variety of ways in which India must continue to be increasingly attractive to the British merchant and industrialist. Few Indians have denied that the co-operation of the British merchant and industrialist will be immensely helpful in the future development of the country. Nor is there any basis for the apprehension that the British community might hereafter find itself "pushed aside or ignored." The Indian's bitter complaint has been that not only has he been pushed aside or ignored but that his interests have literally been thrown to the winds whenever they have conflicted with those of a mere handful of the white community. It is the ending of this conflict and anomalous state of things that he has been striving for; and if the Britisher accepts this change in the right spirit in the new order of things, few Indians will be found to quarrel with the British community sharing in the greater development of the country and having a voice in its administration commensurate with its status and numbers.

Fully characteristic of the lipworshipper of representative institutions is Sir Francis' belief that even the too modest proposals contained in what has been termed Mr. Gokhale's testament are somewhat premature! It is evident that there is no more thorough-going bigot than the veteran Anglo-Indian and his curious mentality may baffle the most painstaking psychlogist. Freedom and liberty have been guaged at their true worth by the world at large as they never were before. But the inner consciousness of the Anglo-Indian remains undisturbed and his self-sufficiency unshaken. And if a few seemed to have moved in response to the times, their words do not express the genuine enthusiasm of the true convert but rather savour of the discretion that bends to the storm in the hope of seeing the old ideas hold sway again when it has blown over. Why cannot these take a larger, a deeper, a more statesmanlike view of things! It would be infinitely wiser and in the true interests of the Empire in its crisis if the Anglo-Indian made an honest attempt to remain true to England's declaration, realize that the old game is irrevocably up and prepare himself for the new one which, albeit less paying to him, will be a cleaner and healthier game all round.

Notes of the Day.

Sir M. O'Dwyer and Machiavelli.

After the apology that Sir Michael O'Dwyer was obliged to tender for his mad harangue in the Imperial Legislative Council, his Honour seems to have gathered discretion and changed the venue of his performances home to the Punjab. In his concluding speech in the Punjab Legislative Council Sir Michael got possessed again and delivered himself of a series of frenzied remarks concerning the propriety of political agitation in India and in England. Referring to the externment of Mr. Tilak and Mr. Pal, his Honour spoke of "the Machiavellian policy of endeavouring to extort advantage from the supposed embarrassments of the Empire." It is pure impertinence to talk of any one in India having sought to take advantage of the Empire's embarrassments. Rather it lies with Sir Michael and men of his ilk to find out, by heart-searching, if they do not count it their function to exploit the loyalty of India without any reference to her aspirations or of the assurances for her freedom. If the issue is as to who it is that relies on Machiavelli as the manual of wisdom, there is no doubt that Sir Michael is *par excellence* the type of administrator who esteems the interests of the ruler alone, which is the Machiavellian principle of political government. Let his Honour read his Machiavelli again and he would feel fortified that the unscrupulous tactics of speech in which his Honour excels, is another weapon of authority which his Florentine master adored.

Britain's Efforts.

The amazing mobilisation of manpower and the output of munitions in Britain afford a very clear index of the supreme confidence prevailing as to the ultimate outcome of the struggle. As Mr. Churchill said in the House of Commons "no sufferings can daunt our hearts" and the British have exhibited their vigour and firmness by directly giving the lie to the grotesque exaggerations of the Hun claim to huge captures, in possessing "to-day more guns of practically every calibre than when the battle began." Most noteworthy among the multi-sided developments of war-equipment is Britain's endeavour to establish the primacy of our air service among the Allies and increasing superiority over the enemy. "We were now," said Mr. Churchill, "turning out more aeroplanes per week than during the whole of 1914, more per month than in the whole of 1915, more per quarter than in 1916 and the output in 1918 would be several times that of 1917." With such energy in the nation Mr. Churchill very justifiably said:

> "Look where you will, you will not get to the bottom of the resources of Britain. No demand is too sudden to be met, no need too unexpected to be supplied, no strain too prolonged for the patience of our people and no sufferings can daunt our hearts."

Bolshevism in India!

It is a sad sight to see loud preachers of patriotism fail in the practice of it. And it affords an inglorious spectacle for the personification of dishonesty clownishly to masquerade as the very embodiment of duty. The "Madras Mail" sermonising on what India can do for the Empire disingenuously makes suggestions which exclude all consideration of what the Empire can do for India so that much of vocal exertion might be spared for haranguing on the obligation of India to do everything and claim nothing. No doubt to Mr. Welby and his circle, it is a very agreeable scheme that India should supply forces to be officered by Europeans, agree to a political truce and also very enthusiastically support the war loan. But unfortunately those that are lectured on their "imperative duty" fail to see eye to eye with the Madras organ, unquestionably because "nonsensical" ideas are filling their head! They, however, in their imperviousness are anxious to know why those who sweat in trying to make people realise the "glorious destiny" of "British India" should not assist in maintaining the administration of India truly "British." They are sceptical about what the "Mail" would have them believe that in British interpretation, the principles of human freedom and liberty are not equally true in all degrees of latitude and longitude. And forsooth this is Bolshevism!

Mr. Webb's Latest.

Among the many illuminating suggestions that have been made in several quarters as to what Indians ought to do to help the Empire at this crisis the place of honour is taken by the scheme of Mr. Webb of Karachi, who is well-known as a man of many schemes and much activity. His Karachi War League in the midst of numerous suggestions for "general" and "local" application proposes that newspapers should be invited to ignore all political news and devote their columns exclusively to the dissemination of war news. While we have no doubt that to the best of Mr. Webb's knowledge and belief war news and war articles are strictly non-political, we are afraid few people would so much as handle a "newspaper" which has only "war news" and "Webb's war schemes" to vend. Whether newspapers discharge their function or not in adhering to Mr. Webb's method of promoting the Empire's cause, there can be no two opinions as regards Mr. Webb himself abundantly meriting the congratulation of all those who can appreciate originality.

CELLULON FOR FIBRE FABRICS.

DISCUSSION IN GERMAN PRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 25.
Recd. midnight, April 28.

The "Board of Trade" journal says:—There has been much discussion in the German press recently concerning the wood pulp fibre named Cellulon for which large claims are made as an efficient substitute for jute, cotton and other fibres. Swiss spinners and weavers are keenly watching developments and they already regard Cellulon as considerably important. The British Consul-General at Zurich describes the cloth from Cellulon as extremely strong.

BRITISH PRISONERS IN TURKEY.

REMITTANCE OF RELIEF.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 25.
Recd. midnight, April 28.

In the House of Commons Mr. Hope stated that the Government had authorised the increase, when necessary, of relief allowances issued by the Dutch Minister in Constantinople with a view to alleviating the hardships of British prisoners in Turkey owing to the economic conditions in Turkey and the difficulties of supply from Britain. This method was not altogether satisfactory owing to the depreciation of the Turkish currency out of all proportion to the rates at which it was possible to remit from Britain and the extraordinary rise in prices of all necessaries in Turkey. It was therefore hoped to despatch a bulk of supplies by a vessel which would effect repatriations under the Berne agreement or possibly to send such supplies earlier overland. The Berne agreement provided so far as possible for the improvement of the parcel service in Turkey and the Government was making the strongest representation to Austria-Hungary regarding the suspension of service through Austria-Hungary.

SPLENDID WORK OF BRITISH AIRCRAFT.

RECORD OF MARCH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 27.
Recd. 8 p.m., April 28.

The Press Bureau states that British aircraft during march dropped 23,099 bombs during the day and 13,080 during the night on enemy lines opposite our front in France. The enemy dropped 517 bombs in the day and 1,948 during the night on the area occupied by British.

CASUALTIES IN ZEEBRUGGE OPERATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 28.
Recd. midnight, April 28.

The Admiralty states that the casualties in the Belgian coast operations were sixteen officers killed, three died of wounds, two missing and twenty-nine wounded, and 144 men killed, twenty-five died of wounds, fourteen missing and 355 wounded.

Official and Personal.

Their Excellencies the Governor and Lady Willingdon returned to Government House, Bombay, from their sea voyage on Sunday morning, and will leave for Mahableshwar in a day or two. His Excellency is much benefitted by the trip. Their Excellencies attended Divine Service in the morning at All Saints' Church, Malabar Hill.

The Maharaja of Darbhanga while on his way to Delhi to attend the War Conference was attacked with high fever and was obliged to have his carriage detached at Allahabad. He will stay in Allahabad for a few days for medical treatment.

HEAVIST FIGHTING OF PRSENT OFFENSIVE.

ENEMY'S "WIN-AT-ANY PRICE" TACTICS

TWO GREAT THRUSTS.

Saturday saw the heaviest fighting of the present offensive. The enemy developed two great thrusts, the first being in continuation of his success at Mont Kemmel and the second between Laclytte and the spot where his line crosses the Ypres-Comines Canal. The enemy is also again heavily assaulting Givenchy and Festubert. The success at Kemmel has brought enemy plans to divide British and French armies no further towards realisation.

On the French front there was little infantry action. Artillery fire continued lively South of the Somme and on both sides of the Aire. Hangard has twice changed hands. South of the Somme the French regained position in and round Villers-Brettonneux.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, April 27, 4-30 p.m.
Recd. 10-35 p.m., April 28.

Reuter's correspondent at the British Headquarters telegraphing to-day says:—

Yesterday's fighting was the heaviest that has ever occurred in Flanders since the present offensive. The enemy developed two great thrusts, the first being a continuation of his effort against Kemmel and the ground to the westward, and the second was a new attack between Laclytte, (which is one kilometre north-east of Scherpenberg Hill) and the spot where his line crosses the Ypres-Comines canal. Later, his second attack extended to southward, and linked up with the battle proceeding around Drancourt thus forming a continuous struggle on a front of ten miles.

The enemy employed to "Win at any price" tactics and continued pushing forward fresh formations from his reserves, wherever the front threatened to get thin through casualties. The Germans can certainly show considerable gain of territory, but they have paid full price for every yard. It cost them three attempts in the mass to get into Locre and four attempts to carry the brewery south of Vormezeele, the ruins of which we had converted into a miniature redoubt.

The German wireless accounts of the fighting show the tremendous scale of the attacks. Two Army Corps Commanders, Generals Seiger and von Eberhardt directed the Prussian and Bavarian divisions which poured in to supplement the picked battalions of Alpini and Jagers which won the crest of Mont Kemmel.

The correspondent adds that further heavy enemy attacks launched in the same area this morning were repulsed. The enemy is also again heavily assaulting Givenchy and Festubert.

TACTICAL IMPORTANCE OF KEMMEL.

LUDENDORFF CALLS FOR AUSTRIAN ARMY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 28, 4-50 a.m.
Recd. 11 p.m., April 28.

Reuter's correspondent at the British Headquarters telegraphing on Saturday evening says:—

It is useless to attempt to minimise the tactical importance of the German capture of Mount Kemmel, but it has brought the enemy plans to divide British and French armies no further towards realisation.

Our brilliant victory at Villers Bretonneux defeated the attempt to capture Amiens. Hence the past week has not been so bad for us on the balance.

The side which is willing ruthlessly to sacrifice men is bound to achieve local successes, but the argument that the sacrifice is worth while cannot be sustained. When Admiral Nogi reduced Port Arthur, military critics said it had been in terms of life which no western general would have dared to face. The German high command obviously ridicules this view. It strews the slopes of Mount Kemmel with grey corpses thick as the leaves at Vallambrosa and points triumphantly to the comparative handful of the survivors who reached the top. We adhere to the belief that the attrition of such tactics must hasten the issue in our favour and there is an encouraging air of calm confidence in responsible quarters.

It is reported that Ludendorff has urgently asked for the entire Austrian army and this is the most convincing commentary on German wastage.

SERIOUS SITUATION IN NORTHERN AREA.

ALLIED EFFORT TO MAINTAIN LINE ASTRIDE SOMME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 27th 7-10 a.m.
Recd. 8 a.m. April 28.

It is admitted that the situation in the northern battle area has changed seriously for the worse as a result of the past two days' fighting as the enemy has not merely held Kemmel Hill, the best observation post on the British front, but has spread westwards, while he has crept nearer Ypres on both sides of the canal, southeast of the town. Northwards, however, in the neighbourhood of Laclytte and Scherpenberg, attacks have been held and the position has not yet been stabilised. What happened in the case of Villers and Hangard is not impossible in the case of Kemmel.

THE YPRES SALIENT.

The severity of German losses are not yet compensated by any strategical success even if further withdrawal at Ypres is considered advisable. This does not make any immediate difference as regards the Channel ports. The Ypres salient was chiefly valuable as a jumping off ground for the recovery of the Flemish coast. As this objective is at present unreliable, the value of Ypres now is only of secondary importance.

ENEMY METHODS OF ATTACK.

It must be remembered though that the Germans have apparently reverted to attacks with limited objectives as they did at Verdun. Their main effort will probably still be made between Arras and Amiens and against the British. These local offensives are conducted in great strength. For example, it is stated that nine divisions were used on Thursday to capture Kemmel, but on the Somme and farther south huge German forces are waiting in the hope that the Allied strength will be dissipated elsewhere.

OBJECT OF THE GERMANS.

The object of the enemy is to use up Allied reserves. He has still failed to separate the British and the French armies but a more formidable thrust than any hitherto has probably been planned in the direction of Amiens and the Somme estuary with a view to cutting the British off from the main French forces, hence the repulse of the enemy at Villers is very important showing that the Allies are straining every nerve to maintain the line astride the Somme. So long as this is achieved the retirement in the north is not irreparable.

FUTILE GERMAN STRUGGLE.

FRENCH RETAIN HANGARD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 27th 2-10 p.m.
Recd. 8 a.m. April 28.

A French communiqué says we counter-attacked the Germans from Villers-Brettonneux to South of the Luce this morning and recaptured much of the ground lost yesterday in spite of the desperate resistance of the enemy who was strongly reinforced. We captured the monument south of Villers and penetrated Hangard wood and captured the western part of the village. The battle lasted all day and continues. It was exceptionally violent.

The Germans attempted to wrest our gains from us at all costs in spite of heavy losses by our fire at each attempt. Their battalions attacked seven times north of Hangard wood without causing the French to budge. The struggle was equally furious in Hangard village which twice changed hands. We captured and retained the orchard south of the Luce.

FRENCH COMMUNIQUE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 27, 4-15 p.m.
Recd. 1 p.m., April 28.

A French communiqué says, there is no change on Villers-Brettoneux-Hangard front.

VIOLENT ENEMY ATTACKS BEATEN OFF.

HUNDREDS OF HOSTILE PRISONERS TAKEN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 27th 2-0 p.m.
Recd. 8 a.m. April 28.

A British communiqué says, there was great reciprocal artillery firing during the night on the whole battle-front northward of the Lys river. Fighting in this area yesterday was very severe, the enemy repeatedly making determined attempts to develop the advantage gained the previous day. After many hours of fluctuating battle the enemy's advance was held at all points and heavy casualties inflicted.

The enemy's assaults from Locre to Laclytte were pressed with extreme violence. Three attacks were beaten off with great enemy loss, but he succeeded at the fourth attempt in carrying the Locre village.

Our Allies counter-attacked in the evening and drove the enemy out, regaining possession of the village. At other points all enemy attacks were repulsed.

There was fierce fighting north of Kemmel village and in the neighbourhood of Voormezeele, which after a prolongd struggle remains in our possession.

The enemy heavily attacked in the afternoon our positions on the ridge and wood southwest of Voormezeele, but was completely repulsed and we took some hundreds of prisoners.

RAID IN ARLEUX-VIEUX BERQUIN SECTOR.

In local fighting yesterday afternoon in the neighbourhood of Givenchy we took forty prisoners. Fighting continued during the afternoon and evening to our advantage in Hangard-Villers Brettonneux sector. Our line was advanced at certain points and we broke up a hostile attack accompanied by tanks in the afternoon.

We took over nine hundred prisoners in this area. We carried out a successful raid during the night in the neighbourhood of Arleux-Vieux Berquin sector and took 20 prisoners.

OUTRAGES UNDER HUN PATRONAGE.

MOROCCO HORRORS.

PRE-WAR STATE RECALLED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 25.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., April 28.

"The Times" correspondent at Tangier telegraphs:—

If the idea that German rule would be preferable to British or French Rule still lurks at the back of the mind of any Moslem, the following facts should dispel it:—

In 1909, Mulai Hafid, then Sultan of Morocco, acting probably under the influence of drugs, perpetrated a series of barbarities upon his co-religionists including the amputation of the hands and the feet of a large number of people. By refusing to permit them to avail themselves of proffered medical attendance, the Sultan consigned them to a lingering death and terrible agony from gangrene. British and French Governments decided to protest and instructed their consuls at Fez to undertake common intervention. They had only to obtain the support of other Consuls at Fez, namely the Spanish and the German; and the Spanish Consul readily acquiesced, but the German Consul openly opined that the Sultan was perfectly justified in perpetrating these horrors which he said was the only successful way of governing Moslem peoples. In short, Germany refused to join in the combined protest and the Sultan himself told me that the German Consul informed him that the German Government considered such forms of punishment as perfectly natural and justifiable and advised him to continue his rule with a strong hand, as Moslems understood no other form of Government. The Sultan accepted German advice, extending his tortures until even women were included. He was forced to abdicate three years later to the great joy of his subjects. It is this ex-Sultan whom Germany is plotting to-day to restore to the throne of Morocco and it is to him that the Kaiser desires to entrust the lives and welfare of the majority of the Moslem population in Morocco, while he would confide the rest to the tender mercies of the brigand Raisuli.

HOLLAND AND ZEEBRUGGE RAID.

GERMANY'S THREATS CONTINUE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, April 26.
Recd. 8 p.m., April 28.

Captain von Salzmann writing in the "Vossische Zeitung" regarding the attack on Zeebrugge describes it as damned plucky, but proceeds to address a remarkable threat to Holland on the ground that the attack clearly indicates that neutrals are greatly menaced by the British He states that Holland can still keep out of the war, but she must realise that there is an end to German patience and when her existence is at stake there cannot be hesitation. "Let Holland reflect thereon. In these critical hours our policy cannot deviate. There is no way out."

GERMANY TO USE LIMBURG RAILWAY.

HOLLAND ACQUIESCES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 27.
Recd. 9-30 p.m., April 28.

"The Times" states that Holland has acquiesced in the German demand for the use of the Limburg Railway stipulating that it must not be used for military purposes. Moreover Germany has made another embarrassing demand as regards shipping facilities, particulars of which have not transpired.

LEAVE STOPPED IN DUTCH ARMY AND NAVY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, April 27.
Recd. 9-30 p.m., April 28.

Leave has been stopped in the Dutch Army and Navy.

A telegram from the Hague states that Holland has yielded to the German demands for railway facilities across Limburg provided that the traffic is not military and that the food transported is destined for civilians.

SECRET SESSION OF DUTCH SECOND CHAMBER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 27.
Recd. midnight, April 28.

The Limburg railway mentioned in connection with German demands on Holland connects the Dusseldorff region with Antwerp via Roermond and Weert.

The Dutch Second Chamber has been considering the situation in secret session.

It is reported that Queen Wilhelmina received the Dutch minister from Berlin in special audience.

TRIBUTE TO BRITISH NAVY.

BY INTERALLIED NAVAL COUNCIL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, April 28.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., April 29.

The interallied naval council terminated by voting an address of admiration to the British Navy on the magnificent coolness and courage in the attack on Ostend and Zeebrugge.

"THEY SHALL NOT PASS."

ATTITUDE OF HOLLAND.

GERMAN ALARM AT LOSSES.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
AMSTERDAM, April 28, 6-15 a.m.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., April 29.

Hague telegrams indicates that the situation between Holland and Germany slightly improved on Saturday though the latter apparently adheres to her attitude on the question of the transport of sand and gravel. Articles in Dutch papers generally urge the maintenance of resolute neutrality.

The "Telegraf" says that if Holland is about to be threatened with the fate of Belgium, the Government can be assured that the nation will rally round it in the hour of danger with the motto "They shall not pass."

The "Vaderland" suggests that the time has come to form a national cabinet.

The papers have been expressing apprehension lest German militarists who favour the roughest treatment of Holland should enect von Kuehlman's fall, but the latest advices from Germany indicate that the ghastly losses in the western offensive are causing an anti-militarist reaction.

The Catholic "Lyd's" correspondent in Germany says: "It will depend on the course events now far the reaction against the increased power of militarists will make itself felt and as the extent of the huge sacrifices in the west becomes known. They will evoke everywhere fresh disquiet. The distrust is even manifested in the newspaper offices and the Reichstag lobbies and when the energetic participation of the Americans in the war falsifies the Government prophecy that submarinism would prevent the transport of American troops and war material to France, this disappointment will assume a sharper form."

The "Cologne Gazette" says that General Wrisberg speaking in the Committee of the Reichstag referred to the rumours that the War Ministry had admitted in a secret sitting of the Committee the unusually hi losses in the western offensive. Wrisberg denied that such statement was ever made. The Socialists thereafter complained of the calling up of Socialist Clerks for Field Service and said that the threat to send Socialists to the trenches was now general and the granting of furlough was again made dependent on the soldiers subscribing to the war loan. The Conservative Kreth admitted that the Alsace-Lorraine army had been exceptionally treated and said this was due to numerous desertions.

German papers reflect the deep impression made in Germany by the Zeebrugge raid. The "Hamburger Nachrichter", "Taeglich Rundschau" and Count Reventlow in "Tages Zeitung" praise the 'Great skill and extraordinary bravery of the British." Though they follow the official reports representing the attack as a failure all assume that the attack will be repeated on a greater scale.

ENCOUNTER WITH AUSTRIAN DESTROYERS.

ENEMY'S FLIGHT FOR SHELTER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.
LONDON, April 27.
Recd. 8 a.m. April 28.

The Admiralty states that two of our destroyers on the 22nd encountered and engaged five Austrian destroyers in the Adriatic. The enemy fled for shelter into the fortified port of Durazzo pursued by our destroyers who were reinforced by five more British and one French destroyers. The chase continued until after midnight when we lost touch with the enemy. Our casaulties were seven killed and nineteen wounded. The damage to the enemy is unknown.

The British air forces on the 23rd dropped a ton of bombs with good results on the seaplane base at Durazzo. All machines returned.

OSTEND OPERATION.

COMPLETE BLOCKAGE OF ZEEBRUGGE CANAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 27.
Recd. 8 a.m. April 28.

It is authoritatively stated that although shifting wind and smoke clouds interfered with the Ostend operation, the conditions we have left there may be attended by fruitful results. Official photographs clearly show that a complete blockage of the Zeebrugge canal was effected. The grand total of casualties on the mole were much below the complement of a battleship.

FINNISH SOCIALIST REPUBLIC.

PROTEST TO ALLIES AGAINST GERMAN MASTERY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 28, 4-50 a.m.
Recd. 11 p.m., April 28.

Reuter is informed that a delegation of the Finnish Socialist Republic has sent a protest to the Allies as follows:—

"Leaders of Anti-Revolutionary White Guard in Finland have publicly declared themselves unable to crush workers and Government without German militarists in return for which they have sold country to Germany who has begun military occupation and destruction of whole labour movement and permitted systematic murder of war prisoners and wounded in hospitals and non-combatant leaders."

INDIA TO THE RESCUE!

HER CONTRIBUTION TO VICTORY.

VICEROY'S APPEAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
DELHI, April 27.

Delhi has seen many assemblages in her long history. Three stand out in the recollection of living men. Lord Lytton in Delhi proclaimed Queen Victoria as the Empress of India, Lord Curzon celebrated the accession of King Edward as the Emperor and within recent memory our King-Emperor showed himself to his people in this historic city. All these great gatherings were held with befitting pomp and circumstance. There was the cloth of gold, there was the blare of trumpets, there was the pagentry of arms. They marked great moments in India's history, the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland taking upon herself a title which threw a challenge to the world that she was the monarch of this land and of its peoples, King Edward referring to the great Queen's Act by claiming your allegiance as her successor, and finally, our King-Emperor coming in person and receiving your homage and allegiance on the plains of Delhi. But all these great assemblies will have proved empty and vain if the purport of our gatherings here today be not fulfilled.

Purpose of the Conference.

To-day we are met together, princes and peoples, from all the ends of India—I wish I could have summoned more—with no pomp and circumstance, no pageantry, no clash of arms or music, to show that India's word given in the soft days of peace holds good in the iron times of war, to prove that India remains now as ever true to her salt. We are met here then, with quiet purpose and stern resolve, to answer the call which our King-Emperor makes to us, and what is that call? To-day, after well-nigh four completed years of war, the guns are thundering and men are dying on the field of Flanders and of France to settle the great issue, is right might, or is might right, and your Emperor calls upon India at this supreme moment to rally to his call, and establish it for all time, that right is might. Do I err when I state the issue thus? We hold that moral purpose is the achievement of right. Can we say the same of our foes? None of us can forget the German Chancellor's cynical avowal in the opening days of the war, that "Necessity knows no law." We remember the blazing Louvain, we hear the cries of the children, old men are shot, women are outraged and butchered, we have had the tale of German rule in South-West Africa and so I could go on with the gruesome history of these four years.

In the West.

And now where do we stand in the West? The armed hosts face each other locked in deadly conflict. The battle sways this way and that. Our forces have been pressed back under the weight of the German armies released from the Russian front, but we are unbroken. The battle is one of endurance. Each day takes its awful toll of victims and victory will come to him who endures to the end. We need have no fear, for time and men are on our side. We can endure and Britain's great daughter, the United States of America is pouring in men ready to take their place in the field. But in the meantime, Germany with that thoroughness which might have been devoted to a better cause, has not been idle in the East. I will take your minds back a few years. Germany has long cast her eyes Eastward in her dream of world domination. The East has always loomed large, and many years ago, Germany concentrated her diplomacy on the moral and political capture of Turkey, with Turkey as her servitor. A path to the East was open and she could use the influence and prestige of Turkey in the Moslem world for the furtherance of her own aims. I need not dwell on her pre-war plans in regard to the Baghdad Railway and other matters in Asia Minor and Mesopotamia. Shortly after the outbreak of war in Europe, Germany succeeded with the help of a clique bound by self-interest to her service, in dragging Turkey into a war with which she had no concern regardless of the ruin caused to that unhappy country. Now in this policy Germany was prompted not only by her craving for Eastern dominion, but also by the hope that she might cause thereby the maximum embarrassment in the East to her chief enemy, Great Britain.

Germany's Miscalculation.

In the first place she hoped that the Moslems of India would be duped into the belief that this secular war with Turkey thrust on us against our will was a religious war, and that they would be shaken in their allegiance to Great Britain. But in this she was destined to disappointment. The Indian Moslems were quick to realise that this was not a matter of religion, but a secular trap into which they were too wise and too loyal to walk. The Indian Moslems with their religion safeguarded and secured as it has always been and always will be under the British rule, have been loyal to the great Empire of whom they form so vital a part. In the second place, Germany hoped to secure an open and unmolested path to the Persian Gulf whence she might harry Indian communications and Indian commerce with her submarines and perhaps, eventually by intrigue and terrorism in Persia bring war to the confines of India itself. But here again she is thwarted. Our gallant armies in Mesopotamia to which India has contributed so generously have now succeeded by victory after victory, in securing the great plains of Mesopotamia, so that no danger can, I hope and believe, again threaten us from that quarter. By our operations in Mesopotamia, we have not only steadied the Middle East but are defending India in the best way possible from direct German aggression.

The Menace.

You will ask, where then is the menace of which the Prime Minister speaks? The terrible revolution which has hurled Russia into anarchy has opened another door for Germany through southern Russia to the confines of Eastern Persia and Afghanistan. At present famine, lawlessness and chaos, reign along the path which the German forces would have to traverse to approach us by that route and as yet preoccupied with the stupendous struggle in the West, Germany has made no military move whatsoever in this direction. But the door is open and we must be on our guard. In this war, as in no war before, we have to look ahead and prepare for every possible contingency. Germany has not and could not yet have made any military move in the direction I speak of, but she has already as is her wont thrown out into Central Asia her pioneers of intrigue, her agents of agents of disintegration. The lesson she has learnt from the Russian revolution is that a stronger weapon than all the armaments that money can buy, or science devise, is the disruption of an enemy by his own internal forces. To this end, Germany sapped and mined in Russia. To this end she will sap and mine through her agents in the Middle East and blow on the flame of anarchy in the hope that it may spread, and spread till it has enveloped the lands of her enemies, regardless of all intervening havoc. When the ground has thus been prepared, then she will look for her opportunity.

The Bulwark in the North

But there is a bright side to the picture. In the north there is a bulwark against German intrigue and German machination. I refer to our staunch friend and ally, His Majesty the Amir of Afghanistan. As you are aware at the outbreak of war, His Majesty gave his royal word that so long as the independence and integrity of his kingdom were not threatened, he would maintain neutrality. He has kept his royal word unswervingly in spite of every attempt of our enemies to seduce him from his purpose, and to embarrass his position and I do not believe that, in the history of this country, the relations between the Amir of Afghanistan and any Viceroy of India have been more cordial or mutually confident than they are to-day. But in Afghanistan as in India there are many ignorant people, credulous people, fanatical people, such as at a time of world excitement may be carried away by any wind of vain doctrine. Such persons may, at any moment, become a serious embarrassment to wise and level headed statesmanship. One of our first thoughts, therefore at this time must be how we can best assist the Amir of Afghanistan who has in the interests of his country which he loves, and in accordance with the pledges which he has given, kept his ship on a straight course of neutrality, between the reefs that have so often surrounded him.

India's Strength.

We can, I believe, best do so by showing our enemies first that India stands solid as a rock and that the lambent flame of anarchical intrigue will find nothing inflammable in this country, nay, rather will be smothered and extinguished forthwith, should it be approached by the deadweight of our unity of purpose; second, that should ever our enemy have the hardihood to bring force in the direction of our borders, we are ready with munitions and men to fulfil our obligations to the Amir of Afghanistan by assisting him in repelling foreign aggression, and further to guard our own with the whole man-power and resources of India ready behind us. I make no boast, nor is this a time for boasting, but at the present moment, India is very strong in the military sense. This war has brought great developments in military equipment, and we are not behind-hand in all the latest military inventions. We have seldom, in recent years, been so prepared as we are to-day and those misguided people on our frontiers, who, during the past year, relied on our being unprepared and weak in troops have found out their mistake to their cost. But this does not mean that we can fold our hands, and take security for granted. We must take no risks and whenever the call may come and whatever it may be, we must be ready to meet it. We have supplied, and are now supplying Palestine and Mesopotamia with large forces, and the necessary reinforcements, and we are in close communication with the military authorities at Home with regard to all future requirements.

Man-Power.

First of our obligations stands the supply of men for our armies. I have no doubt, that if we adhered to our present methods of recruitment, we should continue to secure a large number of men. But, I have felt that it would not be right to pursue such a policy. I want to feel that I am carrying India herself along with the Empire at large, want her to realise that this is her war, and that her sons who go forth to fight, go to fight for their own Motherland. And so, now, that the Prime Minister has sent forth his trumpet call and spoken of the menace to the East I have thought it well to take you into my complete confidence and tell you how the matter stands.

(Continued on page 6.)

INDIA TO THE RESCUE.

(Continued from page 5.)

There is no reason for apprehension, forewarned we are forearmed. And if we stand united against the common foe we have no cause for fear. India is true to her allegiance. India stands for the right. No man addressing such an audience and stating such a cause, can doubt for one moment what the response will be. I have spoken of the cause. I have told you of the death-grip on the Western front. I have unfolded to you the story of German machinations in the East. If the war were to stop to-morrow the tale of India's share in the great war would form no unworthy page in her glorious annals. Her sons have fought, not without glory on every front. In East Africa, in Palestine, in Mesopotamia they have borne away victorious laurels. They still flock to the colours. But until victory is achieved, we cannot relax our efforts, and I have summoned you to Delhi not simply that you may listen to me move the resolution and then disperse. But I have asked you to come and help with your counsel and advice now, and with your personal endeavour when you return to your homes. In due course, you will be invited to appoint two committees, one on man-power, and another on resources. The Commander-in-Chief and other members of my Executive Council assisted by expert advisers will lay before the Committees, information which will enable them to review the situation and report to the Conference on Monday.

Finance.

I might speak to you to-day of the help which India could give in many directions. We can of our plenty, give more to those who go short. We can learn to do without things. But those are questions which can be better discussed in committee. There is one matter however, which is in the domain of the Imperial Council with regard to which I must make brief allusion. I refer to finance. We have had to meet a large military expenditure, and the heavy council drawings required to finance export of national importance and the strain which the provision of these large amounts in India has thrown on us, has been mainly due to the difficulty of supplementing our resources by specie remittances on a scale commensurate with our requirements. Remittances in the form of gold have been limited by the necessity of conserving the central gold resources of the Empire and the Allies, while in the case of silver we have been prevented from obtaining the supplies we desired by the large competitive demands of other countries for this metal. In the latter respect, I am glad to be able to state that we now hope that this strain will shortly be considerably relieved. Arrangements have been made under which the United States Government will supply us with a very large quantity of silver, which they have taken powers by legislation to set free from their currency reserve. We may thus expect in the near future very substantial remittances in the form of silver. I am glad to have this opportunity of expressing our hearty obligation to the American Government for the valuable assistance which they are giving us in the matter. It may be some time before this silver will arrive, but the knowledge that it is on the way, will, I am sure, form an adequate answer to the rumours which have been spread through ignorance or malignity as to the possibility of our being unable to meet in full our obligations in respect of currency notes and will show that such rumours are entirely without foundation. The help which is thus being afforded us will, moreover, be of the greatest value by enabling us to continue to render the full and effective assistance to the finance of the war which we desire to give.

The Coming War Loan.

I invite now the co-operation of all in securing the success of the coming war loan. We are not yet in a position to fix a date for the new loan, because that must depend on satisfactory money market conditions, which do not at present obtain. How India can best render further financial assistance is a matter which must engage our earnest attention later on when the position is clearer than at present. We propose to consider in conjunction with the Legislative Council, for this is a matter essentially in its sphere, how far it will be feasible for India to increase the direct financial contribution she has already made to His Majesty's Government, or in what other way she can assist financially. If additional taxation should be necessary, we should not shrink from proposing it, and I am sure that you will gladly bear it. But at the present moment we have to concentrate our efforts on that form of assistance which India can most readily and usefully give in connection with the present crisis, that is, the increase of her combatant power and of her production for war purposes.

No Comptaint for India.

Let me now return to the danger theme. While I am speaking, the great issue still hangs on the balance upon the battle-fields of France. It is there, that the ultimate decision of India's fate will be taken. have told you of the situation in the East, not because I think your pulses can only be quickened by an indication of peril to yourselves, but because through it you may be able to see clearly where our path of duty lies. Let me be able to tell the Prime Minister, he need have no fear for the East, that here India will do watch and ward, that here she will take full responsibility. But if we are to do these things we must close our ranks. In the face of the common danger there is no room for smaller issues. The liberty of the world must be won before our aspirations for the liberalising of Indian political institutions can acquire any tangible meaning, and surely no one can say that India has any cause for complaint on this score. It was only in August last that the momentous declaration of policy by His Majesty's Government was made. Close on the heels of that announcement the Secretary of State came out to India and he and I have been at work on the problem for the past six months. Mr. Montagu is now on his way home, carrying with him our joint report and recommendations. He would have felt it a great privilege to be here to-day, but it was not possible. He had already stayed in India far beyond the time which had been contemplated for his visit. But he has left in the full and certain confidence, that India will not prove deaf to the call which has been made and that she will take such steps as may enable her to respond. I read with great satisfaction the telegram of the ? non-official members of the Bengal Legislative Council in which they expressed their hope that the people of India will put aside all differences of opinion and disputes and will concentrate their whole energy upon a supreme endeavour to prevent the tyranny of the German Empire from engulfing the whole world. Surely, that should be the aim of us all. I am ready, aye more than ready, to concert, with those who will meet me on this common platform.

Others.

But in these days of stress and strain it is idle to ask men to come together who disagree on first principles. While they are wrangling over, the house is burning. There are those who would exploit England's difficulty. I believe that those people gravely misinterpret India's attitude. I am sure that there are none here who will countenance such a policy. There are those again who would wish to bargain. Again I decline to belive that any one has come to this Conference in a huckstering spirit. Lastly, there are some who would busy themselves with this thing or that. To these I would say that as at Home and in other countries, we have felt it our duty not to be unmindful of the great problems of reconstruction which will inevitably face countries when the great war is over. But our task in this respect is now over for the present.

Patience.

We have heard all those who had a right to be heard and we have a right to ask for patience. No decisive steps will be taken without opportunity being given for discussion and criticism. Let me then take Burke's immortal phrase and say "Let us pass on, for God's sake let us pass on." Everywhere throughout his Majesty's dominions beyond the seas men are flocking to the colours. Wherever the British flag flies in the Dominions, every nerve is being strained to bring all help in this supreme moment. We must not, we will not have it said that India was one whit behind the rest of the Empire. I know, I am sure, that in saying this I am merely anticipating the decision of this Conference. In this great world conflagration all the nations are being tried by fire and the cross is being purged away. We may ask our selves how can this thing be; but we may be confident that it is not without divine purpose that the peoples are being tested as by fire and that for those who would come out purified and refined there are spacious days ahead. So may it be with India, and you who have come to this Conference have India's good name in your hands. The eyes of the world are upon you. I am sure you will quit yourselves like men.

All standing, his Excellency then read his Majesty the King-Emperor's stirring message as follows, which was received with loud applause:

SUB-COMMITTEES.

At the the conclusion of his Excellency the Viceroy's speech two sub-committees constituted as given below were formed to consider the question of man-power in India and to suggest measures designed to mobilise that power effectively and to consider the question of India's resources under the head of munitions, communications and food supply and to suggest measures designed to secure efficiency and economy in regard to the production, distribution, utilization and transport of all material connected with the successful prosecution of the war and the internal prosperity of the country.

These sub-committees will meet at 12 noon on the 27th April 1918 and thereafter as arranged. No. 1 (man power) will sit in the Council Chamber No. 2 (resources) in the smoking room attached to the Council Chamber.

The full Conference will meet again on Monday at 10-30 a.m. when the reports of the Committees will be presented and such resolution or resolutions as the Committees may have jointly determined upon will be moved.

PERSONNEL OF MANPOWER COMMITTEE.

The names of members of sub-committee on man-power are: His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief Chairman, the Hon. Sir William Meyer, the Hon. Sir William Vincent, Lieut. General J Hudson, his Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir, his Highness the Maharaja of Bikaneer, his Highness the Maharaja of Patiala, the Hon. Mr. Gillman, the Raja of Bobbili, Mr. C. P. Ramaswami Iver, the Prince of Arcot, Dr. T. M. Nair, the Hon. Mr. M. A. Jinnah, the Hon. Mr. R. P. Paranjpye, the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel, the Hon. Mr. M. N. Hogg, the Hon. Mr. P. R. Cadell, Dr. S. K. Mullick, the Hon. Babu Surendranath Bannerjea, Mr. W. E. Crum, Mr. B. Chakravarti, Nawab Syed Nawab Ali Chaudhuri, the Hon. Sir John Campbell, the Hon. Pandit M. M. Maliviya, the Hon. Babu Moti Chand, the Hon. Nawab Abdul Majid, the Hon. Sardar Gajjan Singh the Hon. Chaudhri Lal Chand, the Hon. Fazl-i-Hussain, Major Sir Umar Hyat Khan, the Hon. Mian Muhammad Shafi, the Hon. Captain Ajab Khan, the Maharaja of Dumraon, the Hon. Mr. Hammond, Mr. Hassan Imam, the Raja of Kanika, the Hon. Mr. G. S. Khaparde, the Hon. Sir G. M. Chitnavis, the Hon. Mr. B. D. Sukul, Dr. Munji, the Hon. Mr. K. K. Chanda, Mr. R. Holland, Captain Feiling, Secretary.

MEMBERS OF RESOURCES COMMITTEE.

The names of the members of the sub-committee on resources are:—The Hon. Sir Claude Hill, Chairman, the Hon. Sir George Barnes, Sir Thomas Holland, his Highness the Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior, his Highness the Maharaja Rana of Dholpur, his Highness the Maharaja Jam Sahib of Navanagar, the Hon. Mr. V. S. Sastri, the Hon. Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma, Sir P. S. Sivaswami Iyer, Mr. Kasturi Ranga Iyengar, the Hon. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Sir Dorab Tata, the Hon. Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Mr. M. D. P. Webb, the Hon. Mr. Manmohandas Ramji, Sir R. N. Mukherji, the Hon. Babu A. C. Mozumdar, the Raja of Mymensingh, the Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad, the Hon. Mr. C. Y. Chintamani, the Hon. Mr. L Smith, the Hon. Mr. Tej Bahadur Sapru, the Hon. Maung Bah Too, Raja Daljit Singh, Raja Narendra Nath, Maulvi Rahim Buksh, the Hon. Mr. Currie, the Hon. Nawab Zulfikar Ali Khan, the Hon. Sardar Sunder Singh Magithia, the Hon. Mr. W. A. Ironside, the Hon. Mr. R. B. Krishna Sahai, the Hon. the Maharaja of Durbhanga, the Hon. Mr. Mazharul Haq, Rao Bahadur R. G. Deole, the Zemindar of Khagji, Rai Sahib Mathura Prasad, the Hon. Mr. Rajendra Narayan Chaudhuri, the Hon. Mr. Saauddin, and Mr. Tennant Sloan.

MR. GANDHI LEAVES CONFERENCE.

HIS INTERVIEW WITH VICEROY.

(From our Correspondent.)

DELHI, April 27.

The War Conference opened to-day with a speech from the Viceroy. Most invites were present including the Ruling chiefs the Gaekwar, Scindia, Kashmir and Begum. The mornings proceedings lasted half a hour. The committees for man-power and mobilisation of resources met under the chairmanship of the Commander-in-Chief and Sir Claude Hill. (Tentative resolutions embodying the Government scheme respecting these matters were circulated prior to commitee meetings, whose reports will be submitted to the Conference a Monday.)

The Viceroy's speech is regarded as extremely unsatisfactory. Several members interviewed immediately after adjournment expressed dissatisfaction with the colourless character of the address. It was platitudinous and wound up with an empty appeal. Next to mobilising man-power the Viceroy placed stress on Finance distinctly hinted at increasing India's direct financial contribution and additional taxation. The Viceroy invited co-operation to make the coming war loan successful. His theme regarding reforms was. "We have heard all those who had a right to be heard and we have a right to ask for patience." There a strong feeling exists among certain members resenting the attitude of the Government.

Monday's proceedings are awaited with experiency.

Yesterday an informal meeting was held at Metcalf House, Sir Claude Hill presiding there were strong differences of opinion and members disapproved Sir Claude Hill's suggestion to accept his resolutions.

Mr. Gandhi insisted on the futility of the Conference without Mrs. Besant, Mr. Tilak and the Ali Brothers and left, under protest. Mr. Gandhi abstained from attending the Conference to-day, and had, I hear, a long interview with the Viceroy in the afternoon.

MR. GANDHI REJOINS CONFERENCE.

AFTER INTERVIEW WITH VICEROY.

(From our Correspondent.)

DELHI, April 28.

As a result of his interview with the Viceroy, I understand Mr. Gandhi attended the Conference serving on the Man-power Committee to-day. The Man-power Committee proceedings yesterday and to-day were lively, the Committee agreeing on proposals to throw open commissions to all Indians, providing increased training facilities by opening military colleges and increasing the sepoys' pay.

It is said the Government contemplate the repeal or modification substantially of the Arms Act regulations and a definite announcement may be expected shortly.

The Self-Government resolution was ruled out of order by the Chairman. It is to be raised again to-morrow besides a general amnesty to political prisoners and the repeal of the Arms Act.

The Resources Development Committee proceedings appear comparatively dull though several questions relating to transport, railway traffic, the output of munitions, control and economy for stimulating food production were considered.

In deference to the strong opinion for appointing Indian members on the Railway Traffic Priority Committee, the Hon. Mr. Manmohandas Ramji was appointed. Suggestions regarding Priority Certificates for importing machinery were disallowed.

To-day's Committee sessions adopted resolutions concerning man-power and resources on lines suggested yesterday. The attitude of official members at the meetings is regarded as extremely unsatisfactory, amounting almost to indifference for real co-operation. A third sub-committee (not announced yesterday) consisting of a dozen members is still sitting to consider methods, extent, etc., of increasing the direct contribution.

The Chairman of the Man-power Committee in disallowing reference to Self-Government and ruling it irrelevant caused dissatisfaction. I understand that notice of a resolution on Self-Government to be moved to-morrow has been given. The resolution reads:

"This Conference recommends that in order to evoke whole-hearted and real enthusiasm amongst the people of India and successfully to mobilize man-power, material and money, the Government in England should without delay introduce a Bill in Parliament meeting the demands of the people to establish Responsible Government in India within a reasonable period to be specified in the Statute. We feel confident that the inauguration of this measure will make our people feel they are fighting for the Motherland, for the freedom and defence of their own rights in the Empire in which they possess the same status as the other members thereof. We are further sure that if the imagination of our country is captured and its enthusiasm encouraged, it can easily equip itself to be in the language of the Premier, 'the bulwark which will save Asia from the tide of oppression and disorder.' This Conference recommends that all racial distinctions should be removed forthwith and Indians and Europeans should be treated as the King's equal subjects in all departments of public affairs."

THE COUNTRY'S DEMAND.

MESSAGE TO THE VICEROY

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, April 27.

The following telegram signed by Mrs. Annie Besant, Mr. B. G. Tilak and Sir Subramania Iyer was sent to His Excellency the Viceroy this morning:—"We desire to place on record our conviction that nothing short of Responsible Government—Home Rule—embodied in a statute with Congress league scheme as the first step as demanded last Christmas by the National Congress and the Muslim League will be accepted by the country and that any attempt to stop political discussion will be fraught with serious danger to public tranquillity and will be an unheard of inroad on fundamental rights to be resisted by all constitutional means.

DELHI'S READINESS TO HELP

WANTED RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT.

(From our Correspondent.)

DELHI, April 27.

A meeting was held at Lachminarain Dharamsala on the 26th instant, Dr. Abdul Rahman presiding and Rai Sahib Pearey Lal, Messrs. Asaf Ali M. K. Acharya, Qureshi, and Shanker Lall being the speakers at which a resolution was passed, placing on record their unswerving and firm determination to do everything in their power to help Government at this critical period of the war in defnce of their country and the Empire, but begging to invite the attention of H. E. the Viceroy, the Rt. Hon. the Secretary of State for India and all Indians situating in conference at Delhi to the facts that in order to succeed in their desire to be helpful, it is necessary that the Imperial Government should by an Act of Parliament recognise the Indians' right to full responsible government and fix a reasonable period in the statute itself for its full realization and as a first step towards the same, immediately grant the Congress-League scheme, that in order to produce the atmosphere essential for the success of efforts to help the Government it is necessary that a general amnesty be granted to all political prisoners and internees and that no assembly can be considered representative of the views of the people and can command their confidence which does not include Mr. Bal Gangadhar Tilak Mr. Mohamed Ali, Mr. Shaukat Ali Mrs. Besant, Sir Subramania Iyer, Sir Robindranath Tagore, and other Indian patriots.

DELHI AS PROOF OF INDIA'S SOLIDARITY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, April 28.

The "Leader" writes the Delhi Conference was a demonstration of the unity and solidarity of the whole of India which must cause extreme disappointment to the enemies of the Empire.

NO INFANTRY ACTION ON SATURDAY.

ARTILLERY FIRE S. OF SOMME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 28, 12-45 a.m.
Recd. 8 p.m., April 28.

Last night's French communiqué said: There has been no infantry action to-day. Artillery fire continued lively south of the Somme and on both sides of the Avre. There was violent bombardment in the region of Laffaux and on the Caurieres-Chambrettes front.

ENEMY FAILURE W. OF MERVILLE.

TWO ENEMY MACHINES BROUGHT DOWN

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 27, 10-10 p.m.
Recd. 8 p.m., April 28.

To-night's communiqué from Field-Marshal Haig says: The enemy captured a post in the neighbourhood of Festubert.

Our machine-gun and rifle fire broke up a local attack westward of Merville and the enemy did not reach our trenches.

Our artillery effectively engaged the enemy infantry assembling eastward of Villers-Bretonneux.

Mist interfered with flying. Our infantry brought down two low-flying machines.

SIR W. WEIR.

SUCCEEDS LORD ROTHERMERE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 26.
Recd. 8 p.m., April 28.

The Press Bureau announces that Sir William Weir succeeds Lord Rothermere.

THIRD CORPS CONGRATULATED BY GEN. HAIG.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 27.
Recd. 8 p.m., April 28.

The Press Bureau states that Field-Marshal Haig has congratulated the Third Corps Commander and troops on successful important operations at Villers-Bretonneux.

APPOINTED PRIVY COUNCILLOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 27.
Recd. 1 p.m., April 28.

The Press Bureau announces that Sir W. Weir has been appointed Privy Councillor.

THE MESOPOTAMIA AFFAIR.

LORD GEORGE HAMILTON DEFENDS MR. CHAMBERLAIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 23.
Recd. midnight, April 28.

In a letter to "The Times" Lord George Hamilton protests against attacks being made on Mr. Chamberlain in connection with the Mesopotamia affair. He emphasises that Mr. Chamberlain had only been a few months in office. He did not initiate the expedition and sanctioned the advance to Baghdad upon the advice of his military experts. He took full responsibility for the failure of the advance and by resigning office summarily brushed aside the insidious suggestions of prominent politicians that he was only technically responsible.

Lord George Hamilton says that Mr. Chamberlain as witness greatly impressed the Commission by the breadth of view and fearless acceptance of responsibility. He left the Commission room a bigger man than he entered it.

The War Cabinet has many questions to settle arising directly from the war, but which in character and consequences are more civil than military, more political than strategical and Lord George Hamilton is glad to think that Mr. Chamberlain's ability, experience and courage will be utilised in dealing with this class of problem.

SITUATION IN STRUMA VALLEY.

WE ABANDON ADVANCED VILLAGES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 27.
Recd. 8 p.m., April 28.

A British official message from Salonika says: We withdrew unmolested on 18th April from the advanced villages in the Struma valley which we occupied on 16th April. The enemy subsequently shelled the villages.

"PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS INSULTED."

ATTACK ON GERMAN MILITARY OMMAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

AMSTERDAM, April 27.
Recd. 1 p.m., April 28.

According to "Vorwaerts" the military have been severely criticised in the Reichstag regarding the policy in the East and the West.

Ledebour asked if it was true that a great number of German soldiers had been drowned in Flanders. Shouts from the Right prevented the reply being heard.

Scheidemann, complaining of the severity of censorship, gave an instance of the suppression of reports of proceedings in Alsace-Lorraine.

Noska, Socialist, affirmed that public institutions in the Ukraine had been openly insulted by the military command, who had actually instructed soldiers to regard the abolition of democratic institutions as the main task. The soldiers in some cases revolted against such demands.

The Labour Deputy asked why Germany was invading Crimea, but no reply was given.

AWARDS TO INDIAN ARMY OFFICERS.

STORIES OF GALLANTRY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, April 25.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., April 29.

The "Gazette" announces the following awards to Indian army officers for conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty:—

MILITARY CROSSES.

Captain A. P. Roderson: He led assaulting companies on his own initiative to capture a bridge under heavy fire thereby cutting off the enemy's retreat. Though severely wounded, he refused to go back till he had reported the situation and sent in most valuable information. His conduct throughout was most praiseworthy.

Lieutenant H. B. Nepean: He led his men under a withering fire and captured a ridge on which he organised a strong defensive line. Though wounded he refused to leave his post for hours and his fearless bearing very greatly encouraged his men.

DISTINGUISHED SERVIC ORDERS.

Subadar-Major Amar Singh Thapa: At a critical moment in an attack he showed the greatest determination and coolness, encouraging the men to dig themselves in and contributing largely to the maintenance of a difficult forward position. His complete disregard of danger was a fine example to all.

Lieut. K. S. Master: He pushed forward his advanced dressing station and kept in close touch with regimental aid posts. He collected and dressed the wounded with great courage and coolness under heavy fire.

Lieutenant K. J. Macintosh: Though wounded early in an attack he continued to command his company throughout the day. His gallant bearing and fearlessness encouraged the men to maintain the captured position.

Lieutenant L. J. Peck: He laid the track to an advanced position with great promptitude owing to a careful previous study of the obstacles and followed up the attacking infantry as closely as possible under intense fire. The success of the track and its completion in the required time was largely due to his initiative and resource.

DEATHS OF W. HOEY AND MAJOR-GEN BARKER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 23.
Recd. 1 p.m., April 28.

The death is announced of Mr. William Hoey, lecturer in Hindustani at Oxford, and of Major-General J. S. Barker.

GERMAN MILITARY ADMINISTRATION

VEHEMENTLY CRITICISED IN REICHSTAD

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

AMSTERDAM, April 27.
Recd. 1 p.m., April 28.

In spite of close censorship the report of the discussion in the main committee of the Reichstag reveals a remarkable uprising of feeling among the various parties, not only Socialists, against the military administration which is criticised in an outspoken manner, regarding the German brutalities in the Ukraine and Belgium and the arbitrary conduct of the administration in intervening in the Finnish civil war in favour of a definite party.

Replying to criticisms Graefe endeavoured to allay discontent as regards the confiscation of the Ukrainian peasants' grain and the wholesale massacre of recalcitrant farmers. He said the action of the military had been in the interest of German consumers.

During a subsequent debate, although the particulars were not specified, the gravest charges were made regarding the German "autocratic measures and shocking procedure" in the Ukraine.

The presiding Deputy said if the statements which were made were true it would be necessary to enquire further and he proposed a special sitting for that purpose on Tuesday with the Chancellor present.

350 MILLION SILVER DOLLAR TO BE MELTED.

GOVERNMENT BILL IN U. S.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, April 23.
Recd. 9-30 p.m., April 28.

The Government's Bill providing for the melting of three hundred and fifty million silver dollars has passed the representatives and now goes to the President for signature.

JOINT SESSION OF CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

MR. GOMPERS ON DUTY OF LABOUR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

OTTAWA, April 27.
Recd. 8 p.m., April 28.

Mr. Gompers, President of the American Labour Federation, addressed the joint session of the Senate and the Commons. The only precedents have been when last year M. Viviani and Mr. Balfour addressed the joint sessions.

The "Montreal Gazette" commends Mr. Gompers' patriotic attitude in the war as a lesson to the luke-warmness of certain labour leaders.

LIBERTY LOAN IN AMERICA

LIKELY TO BE OVERSUBSCRIBED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

NEW YORK, April 27.
Recd. 8 p.m., April 28.

The Liberty Loan day closed with the greatest enthusiasm. Subscriptions are pouring in everywhere. It is predicted that two billion dollars mark has been passed and that the loan will be ultimately oversubscribed.

SUPPRESSION OF BANDITS IN SHANTUNG.

U. S. SUGGESTION FOR RESCUE OF CAPTIVES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PEKING, April 23.
Recd. 9-30 p.m., April 28.

An American named Love has been captured by bandits in Shantung, and in view of the seriousness of the situation the Ambassador has suggested that the Government should appoint an official of the highest rank fully empowered to suppress the bandits and rescue foreign captives.

WAR MEASURES IN INDIA.

QUESTION IN PARLIAMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 22.
Recd. 9-30 p.m., April 28.

In the House of Commons, in reply to Sir John Rees, Mr. Fisher stated that he could not at present make any statement regarding the war measures taken and to be taken in India upon the Premier's telegram to the Viceroy, but the Government of India was giving their closest attention thereto in communication with the Imperial Government.

GERMAN WOUNDED RETURNING TO FRONT.

ESTIMATED AT 2 3/4 MILLION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

AMSTERDAM, April 26.
Recd. 8 p.m., April 28.

Speaking in the Reichstag, General Schultze stated that hitherto two and three-quarter millions of wounded had been able to return to the front while 629,000 had been discharged as unfit for service including seventy thousand cripples.

A Socialist Deputy stated that General von Eichhorn had established a military dictatorship in the Ukraine; hence Germany was getting no supplies from there.

TRAVEL RESTRICTIONS ON ENEMY SOLDIERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 27.
Recd. 1 p.m., April 28.

The Commander of Amsterdam has forbidden soldiers on furlough to travel excepton return to the garrisons.

A Touching Thrilling Photo-Drama !

We specially recommend you to pay a visit during this week to the

— WEST END CINEMA —

(New Churney Road)

and see the remarkably pathetic screen version of

"Buffalo and the Circus Girl"

an entirely new film presented **for the first time** just now in Bombay—a spendid, interesting four-reel episode of the vagaries of a sweet little lassie's romantic life. This picture, besides its intensely human plot of pious Love, triumphing over heartless Villainy, claims your attention more by the inclusion in it of **Buffalo**, the Italian giant, and **Billy**, the World's most wonderful Dwarf.

Then again you have the **Gaumont Graphic** and a one-reel Screaming Comedy of

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From the pen of James Oliver Curwood

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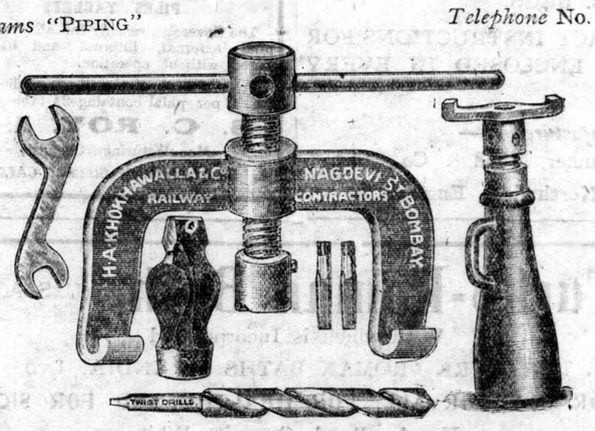

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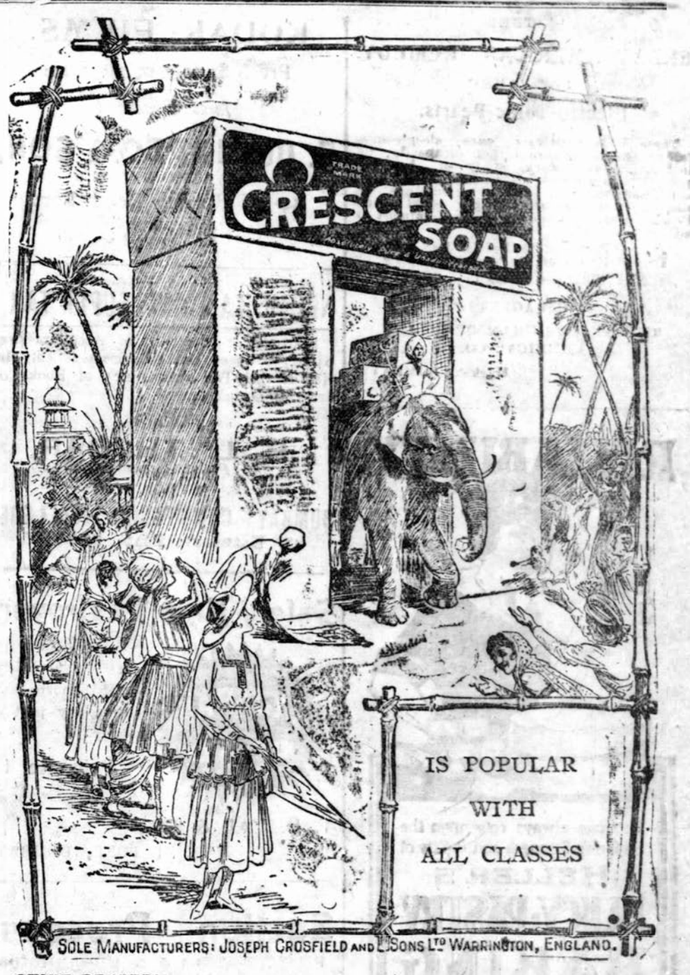

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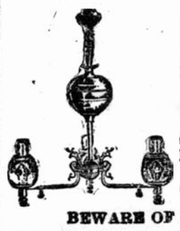

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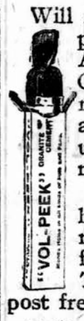

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